An Interactive Voice Response (IVR) Control Package for the Media Control Channel Framework
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Abstract

This document defines a Media Control Channel Framework Package for Interactive Voice Response (IVR) dialog interaction on media connections and conferences. The package defines dialog management request elements for preparing, starting and terminating dialog interactions, as well as associated responses and notifications. Dialog interactions are specified in a dialog language. This package defines a lightweight IVR dialog language (supporting prompt playback, runtime controls, DTMF collect and media recording) and allows other dialog languages to be used. The package also defines elements for auditing package capabilities and IVR dialogs.

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Introduction

The Media Control Channel Framework ([I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]) provides a generic approach for establishment and reporting capabilities of remotely initiated commands. The Control Framework utilizes many functions provided by the Session Initiation Protocol [RFC3261] (SIP) for the rendezvous and establishment of a reliable channel for control interactions. The Control Framework also introduces the concept of a Control Package. A Control Package is an explicit usage of the Control Framework for a particular interaction set. This document defines a Control Package for Interactive Voice Response (IVR) dialogs on media connections and conferences. The term 'dialog' in this document refers to an IVR dialog and is completely unrelated to the notion of a SIP dialog. The term ‘IVR’ is used in its inclusive sense, allowing media other than voice for dialog interaction.

The package defines dialog management request elements for preparing, starting and terminating dialog interactions, as well as associated responses and notifications. Dialog interactions are specified using a dialog language where the language specifies a well-defined syntax and semantics for permitted operations (play a prompt, record input from the user, etc). This package defines a own lightweight IVR dialog language (supporting prompt playback, runtime controls, DTMF collect and media recording) and allows other dialog languages to be used. These dialog languages are specified inside dialog management elements for preparing and starting dialog interactions. The package also defines elements for auditing package capabilities and IVR dialogs.

This package has been designed to satisfy the IETF MediaCtrl requirements ([RFC5167]) by building upon two major approaches to IVR dialog design. These approaches address a wide range of IVR use cases and are used in many applications which are extensively deployed today.

First, the package is designed to provide the major IVR functionality of SIP Media Server languages such as netann ([RFC4240]), MSCML ([RFC5022]) and MSML ([MSML]) which themselves build upon more traditional non-SIP languages ([H.248.9], [RFC2897]). A key differentiator is that this package provides IVR functionality using the Media Control Channel Framework.

Second, its design is aligned with key concepts of web model as defined in W3C Voice Browser languages. The key dialog management mechanism is closely aligned with CCXML ([CCXML10]). The dialog functionality defined in this package can be largely seen as a subset of VoiceXML ([VXML20], [VXML21]): where possible, basic prompting,
DTMF collection and media recording features are incorporated, but not any advanced VoiceXML constructs (such as <form>, its interpretation algorithm, or a dynamic data model). As W3C develops VoiceXML 3.0, we expect to see further alignment, especially in providing a set of basic independent primitive elements (such as prompt, collect, record and runtime controls) which can be re-used in different dialog languages.

By reusing and building upon design patterns from these approaches to IVR languages, this package is intended to provide a foundation which is familiar to current IVR developers and sufficient for most IVR applications, as well as a path to other languages which address more advanced applications.

This control package defines a lightweight IVR dialog language. The scope of this dialog language is the following IVR functionality:

- playing one or more media resources as a prompt to the user
- runtime controls (including VCR controls like speed and volume)
- collecting DTMF input from the user according to a grammar
- recording user media input

Out of scope for this dialog language are more advanced functions including ASR (Automatic Speech Recognition), TTS (Text-to-Speech), VoiceXML, fax and media transformation. Such functionality may be addressed by other dialog languages (such as VoiceXML) used with this package, extensions to this package (addition of foreign elements or attributes from another namespace) or other control packages.

The functionality of this package is defined by messages, containing XML elements, transported using the Media Control Channel Framework. The XML elements can be divided into three types: dialog management elements; a dialog element which defines a lightweight IVR dialog language used with dialog management elements; and finally, elements for auditing package capabilities as well as dialogs managed by the package.

Dialog management elements are designed to manage the general lifecycle of a dialog. Elements are provided for preparing a dialog, starting the dialog on a conference or connection, and terminating execution of a dialog. Each of these elements is contained in a Media Control Channel Framework CONTROL message sent to the media server. When the appropriate action has been executed, the media server sends a REPORT message (or a 200 response to the CONTROL if it can execute in time) with a response element indicating whether the
operation was successful or not (e.g. if the dialog cannot be started, then the error is reported in this response). Once a dialog has been successfully started, the media server may send further event notifications in a framework CONTROL message. This package defines two event notifications: a DTMF event indicating the DTMF activity; and a dialogexit event indicating that the dialog has exited. If the dialog has executed successful, the dialogexit event includes information collected during the dialog. If an error occurs during execution (e.g. a media resource failed to play, no recording resource available, etc), then error information is reported in the dialogexit event. Once a dialogexit event is sent, the dialog lifecycle is terminated.

The dialog management elements for preparing and starting a dialog specify the dialog using a dialog language. A dialog language has well-defined syntax and semantics for defined dialog operations. Typically dialog languages are written in XML where the root element has a designated XML namespace and, when used as standalone documents, have an associated MIME media type. For example, VoiceXML is an XML dialog language with the root element <vxml> with the designated namespace ‘http://www.w3.org/2001/vxml’ and standalone documents are associated with the MIME media type ‘application/vnd+xml’ ([RFC4267]).

This control package defines its own lightweight IVR dialog language. The language has a root element (<dialog>) with the same designated namespace as used for other elements defined in this package (see Section 8.2). The root element contains child elements for playing prompts to the user, specifying runtime controls, collecting DTMF input from the user and recording media input from the user. The child elements can co-occur so as to provide ‘play announcement’, ‘prompt and collect’ as well as ‘prompt and record’ functionality.

The dialog management elements for preparing and starting a dialog can specify the dialog language either by including inline a fragment with the root element or by referencing an external dialog document. The dialog language defined in this package is specified inline. Other dialog languages, such as VoiceXML, can be used by referencing an external dialog document.

The document is organized as follows. Section 3 describes how this control package fulfills the requirements for a Media Control Channel Framework control package. Section 4 describes the syntax and semantics of defined elements, including dialog management (Section 4.2), the IVR dialog element (Section 4.3) and audit elements (Section 4.4). Section 5 describes an XML schema for these elements and provides extensibility by allowing attributes and elements from other namespaces. Section 6 provides examples of
package usage.
2. Conventions and Terminology

In this document, BCP 14 [RFC2119] defines the key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL". In addition, BCP 15 indicates requirement levels for compliant implementations.

The following additional terms are defined for use in this document:

Dialog: A dialog performs media interaction with a user following the concept of an IVR (Interactive Voice Response) dialog (this sense of 'dialog' is completely unrelated to a SIP dialog). A dialog is specified as inline XML, or via a URI reference to an external dialog document. Traditional IVR dialogs typically feature capabilities such as playing audio prompts, collecting DTMF input and recording audio input from the user. More inclusive definitions may include support for other media types, runtime controls, synthesized speech, recording and playback of video, recognition of spoken input, and mixed initiative conversations.

Application server: A SIP [RFC3261] application server (AS) hosts and executes services such as interactive media and conferencing in an operator's network. An AS influences and impacts the SIP session, in particular by terminating SIP sessions on a media server, which is under its control.

Media Server: A media server (MS) processes media streams on behalf of an AS by offering functionality such as interactive media, conferencing, and transcoding to the end user. Interactive media functionality is realized by way of dialogs which are initiated by the application server.
3. Control Package Definition

This section fulfills the mandatory requirement for information that MUST be specified during the definition of a Control Framework Package, as detailed in Section 8 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework].

3.1. Control Package Name

The Control Framework requires a Control Package to specify and register a unique name and version.

The name and version of this Control Package is "msc-ivr/1.0" (Media Server Control - Interactive Voice Response - version 1.0). Its IANA registration is specified in Section 8.1.

Since this is the initial ("1.0") version of the control package, there are no backwards compatibility issues to address.

3.2. Framework Message Usage

The Control Framework requires a Control Package to explicitly detail the control messages that can be used as well as provide an indication of directionality between entities. This will include which role type is allowed to initiate a request type.

This package specifies CONTROL and response messages in terms of XML elements defined in Section 4, where the message bodies have the MIME media type defined in Section 8.3. These elements describe requests, response and notifications and all are contained within a root <mscivr> element (Section 4.1).

In this package, the MS operates as a Control Server in receiving requests from, and sending responses to, the AS (operating as Control Client). Dialog management requests and responses are defined in Section 4.2. Audit requests and responses are defined in Section 4.4. dialog management and audit responses are carried in a framework 200 response or REPORT message bodies. This package’s response codes are defined in Section 4.5.

Note that package responses are different from framework response codes. Framework error response codes (see Section 8 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]) are used when the request or event notification is invalid; for example, a request is invalid XML (400), or not understood (500).

The MS also operates as a Control Client in sending event notification to the AS (Control Server). Event notifications
3.3. Common XML Support

The Control Framework requires a Control Package definition to specify if the attributes for media dialog or conference references are required.

This package requires that the XML Schema in Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework] MUST be supported for media dialogs and conferences.

The package uses "connectionid" and "conferenceid" attributes for various element definitions (Section 4). The XML schema (Section 5) imports the definitions of these attributes from the framework schema.

3.4. CONTROL Message Body

The Control Framework requires a Control Package to define the control body that can be contained within a CONTROL command request and to indicate the location of detailed syntax definitions and semantics for the appropriate body types.

When operating as Control Server, the MS receives CONTROL messages body with the MIME media type defined in Section 8.3 and containing an <mscivr> element (Section 4.1) with either a dialog management or audit request child element.

The following dialog management request elements are carried in CONTROL message bodies to MS: <dialogprepare> (Section 4.2.1), <dialogstart> (Section 4.2.2) and <dialogterminate> (Section 4.2.3) elements.

The <audit> request element (Section 4.4.1) is also carried in CONTROL message bodies.

When operating as Control Client, the MS sends CONTROL messages with the MIME media type defined in Section 8.3 and a body containing an <mscivr> element (Section 4.1) with a notification <event> child element (Section 4.2.5).

3.5. REPORT Message Body

The Control Framework requires a control package definition to define the REPORT body that can be contained within a REPORT command request, or that no report package body is required. This section
should indicate the location of detailed syntax definitions and
semantics for the appropriate body types.

When operating as Control Server, the MS sends REPORT bodies with the
MIME media type defined in Section 8.3 and containing a <mscivr>
element (Section 4.1) with a response child element. The response
element for dialog management requests is a <response> element
(Section 4.2.4). The response element for an audit request is a
<auditresponse> element (Section 4.4.2).

3.6. Audit

The Control Framework encourages Control Packages to specify whether
auditing is available, how it is triggered as well as the query/
response formats.

This Control Packages supports auditing of package capabilities and
dialogs on the MS. An audit request is carried in a CONTROL message
(see Section 3.4) and an audit response in a REPORT message (or a 200
response to the CONTROL if it can execute the audit in time) (see
Section 3.5).

The syntax and semantics of audit request and response elements is
defined in Section 4.4.

3.7. Examples

The Control Framework recommends Control Packages to provide a range
of message flows that represent common flows using the package and
this framework document.

This Control Package provides examples of such message flows in
Section 6.
4. Element Definitions

This section defines the XML elements for this package. The elements are defined in the XML namespace specified in Section 8.2.

The root element is <mscivr> (Section 4.1). All other XML elements (requests, responses and notification elements) are contained within it. Child elements describe dialog management (Section 4.2) and audit (Section 4.4) functionality. The IVR dialog element (contained within dialog management elements) is defined in Section 4.3. Response status codes are defined in Section 4.5 and type definitions in Section 4.6.

Implementation of this control package MUST adhere to the syntax and semantics of XML elements defined in this section and the schema (Section 5). Since XML Schema is unable to support some types of syntactic constraints (such as attribute and element co-occurrence), some elements in this package specify additional syntactic constraints in their textual definition. If there is a difference in constraints between the XML schema and the textual description of elements in this section, the textual definition takes priority.

The XML schema supports extensibility by allowing attributes and elements from other namespaces. Implementations MAY support additional capabilities by means of attributes and elements from other (foreign) namespaces. Attributes and elements from foreign namespaces are not described in this section.

Some elements in this control package contain attributes whose value is a URI. These elements include: <dialogprepare> (Section 4.2.1), <dialogstart> (Section 4.2.2), <media> (Section 4.3.1.5), <grammar> (Section 4.3.1.3.1), and <record> (Section 4.3.1.4). While this package is agnostic to the URI schemes supported by the MS, it is RECOMMENDED that the MS support one or more schemes using communication protocols suitable for fetching resources (e.g. HTTP).

Usage examples are provided in Section 6.

4.1. <mscivr>

The <mscivr> element has the following attributes (in addition to standard XML namespace attributes such as xmlns):

version: a string specifying the mscivr package version. The value is fixed as ‘1.0’ for this version of the package. The attribute is mandatory.

The <mscivr> element has the following defined child elements, only
one of which can occur:

1. dialog management elements defined in Section 4.2:

   <dialogprepare> prepare a dialog. See Section 4.2.1
   <dialogstart> start a dialog. See Section 4.2.2
   <dialogterminate> terminate a dialog. See Section 4.2.3
   <response> response to a dialog request. See Section 4.2.4
   <event> dialog or subscription notification. See Section 4.2.5

2. audit elements defined in Section 4.4:

   <audit> audit package capabilities and managed dialogs. See Section 4.4.1
   <auditresponse> response to an audit request. See Section 4.4.2

For example, a request to the MS to start an IVR dialog playing a prompt:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart>
    <dialog>
      <prompt>
        <media loc="http://www.example.com/welcome.wav"/>
      </prompt>
    </dialog>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>

and a response from the MS that the dialog started successfully:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="200" dialogid="d1"/>
</mscivr>

and finally a notification from the MS indicating that the dialog exited upon completion of playing the prompt:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <event dialogid="d1">
    <dialogexit status="1">
      <promptinfo termmode="completed"/>
    </dialogexit>
  </event>
</mscivr>
4.2. Dialog Management Elements

This section defines the dialog management XML elements for this control package. These elements are divided into requests, responses and notifications.

Request elements are sent to the MS to request a specific dialog operation to be executed. The following request elements are defined:

<dialogprepare>: prepare a dialog for later execution
<dialogstart>: start a (prepared) dialog on a connection or conference
<dialogterminate>: terminate a dialog

Responses from the MS describe the status of the requested operation. Responses are specified in a <response> element (Section 4.2.4) which includes a mandatory attribute describing the status in terms of a numeric code. Response status codes are defined in Section 4.5. The MS MUST respond to a request message with a response message. If the MS is not able to process the request and carry out the dialog operation, the request has failed and the MS MUST indicate the class of failure using an appropriate 4xx response code. Unless an error response code is mandated for a specific class of error within this section, implementations follow Section 4.5 in determining the appropriate status code for the response.

Notifications are sent from the MS to provide updates on the status of a dialog or operations defined within the dialog. Notifications are specified in an <event> element (Section 4.2.5).
The MS implementation MUST adhere to the dialog lifecycle shown in Figure 1, where each dialog has the following states:
IDLE: the dialog is uninitialized.

PREPARING: the dialog is being prepared. The dialog is assigned a valid dialog identifier (see below). If an error occurs the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state and the MS MUST send a response indicating the error. If the dialog is terminated before preparation is complete, the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state and the MS MUST send a 410 response (Section 4.5) for the prepare request.

PREPARED: the dialog has been successfully prepared and the MS MUST send a 200 response indicating the prepare operation was successful. If the dialog is then terminated, the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state. If the duration the dialog remains in the PREPARED state exceeds the maximum preparation duration, the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state and the MS MUST send a dialogexit notification with the appropriate error status code (see Section 4.2.5.1). A maximum preparation duration of 30s is RECOMMENDED.

STARTING: the dialog is being started. If the dialog has not already been prepared, it is first prepared and assigned a valid dialog identifier (see below). If an error occurs the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state and the MS MUST send a response indicating the error. If the dialog is terminated, the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state and the MS MUST a 410 response (Section 4.5) for the start request.

STARTED: the dialog has been successfully started and is now active. The MS MUST send a 200 response indicating the start operation was successful. If any dialog events occurs which were subscribed to, the MS MUST send a notifications when the dialog event occurs. When the dialog exits (due to normal termination, an error or a terminate request), the MS MUST send a dialogexit notification event (see Section 4.2.5.1) and the dialog transitions to the TERMINATED state.

TERMINATED: the dialog is terminated and its dialog identifier is no longer valid. Dialog notifications MUST NOT be sent for this dialog.

Each dialog has a valid identifier until it transitions to a TERMINATED state. The dialog identifier is assigned by the MS unless the <dialogprepare> or <dialogstart> request already specifies a identifier (dialogid) which is not associated with any other dialog on the MS. Once a dialog is in a TERMINATED state, its dialog identifier is no longer valid and can be reused for another dialog.
The identifier is used to reference the dialog in subsequent requests, responses and notifications. In a <dialogstart> request, the dialog identifier can be specified in the prepareddialogid attribute indicating the prepared dialog to start. In <dialogterminate> and <audit> requests, the dialog identifier is specified in the dialogid attribute, indicating which dialog is to be terminated or audited respectively. If these requests specify a dialog identifier already associated with another dialog on the MS, the MS MUST send a response with a 405 status code (see Section 4.5) and the same dialogid as in the request. The MS MUST specify a dialog identifier in notifications associated with the dialog. The MS MUST specify a dialog identifier in responses unless it is a response to a <dialogterminate> request without a valid dialog identifier specified.

For a given dialog, the <dialogprepare> or <dialogstart> request elements specify the dialog content to execute either by including inline a <dialog> element (the dialog language defined in this package, see Section 4.3) or by referencing an external dialog document (a dialog language defined outside this package). When referencing an external dialog document, the request element contains a URI reference to the remote document (specifying the dialog definition) and, optionally, a type attribute indicating the MIME media type associated with the dialog document. Consequently, the dialog language associated with a dialog on the MS is identified either inline by a <dialog> child element or by a src attribute referencing a document containing the dialog language. The MS MUST support inline the IVR dialog language defined in Section 4.3. The MS MAY support other dialog languages by reference.

4.2.1. <dialogprepare>

The <dialogprepare> request is sent to the MS to request preparation of a dialog. Dialog preparation consists of (a) retrieving external dialog document and resources (if required), and (b) validating the dialog document syntactically and semantically.

A prepared dialog is executed when the MS receives a <dialogstart> request referencing the prepared dialog identifier (see Section 4.2.2).

The <dialogprepare> element has the following attributes:

src: specifies the location of an external dialog document to prepare. A valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). If the URI scheme is unsupported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 420 status code (Section 4.5). If the document cannot be retrieved within the timeout interval, the MS MUST send a <response> with a
409 status code. If the document contains a type of dialog language which the MS does not support, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 421 status code. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

type: specifies the type of the external dialog document indicated in the 'src' attribute. A valid value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The MS MAY use the value to assist the remote source in selecting the appropriate resource type (e.g. with HTTP 'accept' header) and to determine how the document is to be processed if the protocol does not provide an authoritative MIME media type for the returned resource. The attribute is optional.

fetchtimeout: the maximum timeout interval to wait when fetching an external dialog document. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 30s.

dialogid: string indicating a unique name for the dialog. If a dialog with the same name already exists on the MS, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 405 status code (Section 4.5). If this attribute is not specified, the MS MUST create a unique name for the dialog (see Section 4.2 for dialog identifier assignment). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The <dialogprepare> element has one optional child element:

<dialog> an IVR dialog (Section 4.3) to prepare. The element is optional.

The dialog to prepare can either be specified inline with a <dialog> child element or externally (for dialog languages defined outside this specification) using the src attribute. It is a syntax error if both an inline <dialog> element element and a src attribute are specified and the MS MUST send a <response> with a 400 status code (see Section 4.5). The type and fetchtimeout attributes are only relevant when a dialog is specified as an external document.

For example, a <dialogprepare> request to prepare an inline IVR dialog with a single prompt:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogprepare>
<dialog>
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/welcome.wav"/>
</prompt>
</dialog>
</dialogprepare>
</mscivr>

In this example, a request with a specified dialogid to prepare a VoiceXML dialog document located externally:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogprepare dialogid="d2" type="application/voicexml+xml" src="http://www.example.com/mydialog.vxml" fetchtimeout="15s"/>
</mscivr>

Since MS support for dialog languages other than the IVR dialog language defined in this package is optional, if the MS does not support the dialog language it would send a response with the status code 409 (Section 4.5).

4.2.2. <dialogstart>

The <dialogstart> element is sent to the MS to start a dialog. If the dialog has not been prepared, the dialog is prepared (retrieving an external document and resources if necessary, and the dialog document validated syntactically and semantically). Media processors (e.g. DTMF and prompt queue) are activated and associated with the specified connection or conference.

The <dialogstart> element has the following attributes:

src: specifies the location of an external dialog document to start. A valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). If the URI scheme is unsupported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 420 status code (Section 4.5). If the document cannot be retrieved with the timeout interval, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 409 status code. If the document contains a type of dialog language which the MS does not supported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 421 status code. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.
type: specifies the type of the external dialog document indicated in the ‘src’ attribute. A valid value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The MS MAY use the value to assist the remote source in selecting the appropriate resource type (e.g. with HTTP ‘accept’ header) and to determine how the document is to be processed if the protocol does not provide an authoritative MIME media type for the returned resource. The attribute is optional.

fetchtimeout: the maximum timeout interval to wait when fetching an external dialog document. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 30s.

dialogid: string indicating a unique name for the dialog. If a dialog with the same name already exists on the MS, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 405 status code (Section 4.5). If neither the dialogid attribute nor the prepareddialogid attribute is specified, the MS MUST create a unique name for the dialog (see Section 4.2 for dialog identifier assignment). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

prepareddialogid: string identifying a dialog previously prepared using a dialogprepare (Section 4.2.1) request. If neither the dialogid attribute nor the prepareddialogid attribute is specified, the MS MUST create a unique name for the dialog (see Section 4.2 for dialog identifier assignment). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

collectionid: string identifying the SIP dialog connection on which this dialog is to be started (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

conferenceid: string identifying the conference on which this dialog is to be started (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

Exactly one of the connectionid or conferenceid attributes MUST be specified. If both connectionid and conferenceid attributes are specified or neither are specified, it is a syntax error and the MS MUST send a <response> with a 400 status code (Section 4.5).

It is an error if the connection or conference referenced by a specific connectionid or conferenceid attribute is not available on the MS at the time the <dialogstart> request is executed. If an invalid connectionid is specified, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 407 status code (Section 4.5). If an invalid conferenceid is
specified, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 408 status code.

The <dialogstart> element has the following sequence of child elements:

<dialog>: specifies an IVR dialog (Section 4.3) to execute. The element is optional.

<subscribe>: specifies subscriptions to dialog events (Section 4.2.2.1). The element is optional.

<params>: specifies input parameters (Section 4.2.6) for a dialog languages defined outside this specification. The element is optional. If a parameter is not supported by the MS for the external dialog language, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 427 status code (Section 4.5).

<stream>: determines the media stream(s) associated with the connection or conference on which the dialog is executed (Section 4.2.2.2). The <stream> element is optional. Multiple <stream> elements may be specified.

The dialog to start can be specified either (a) inline with a <dialog> child element, or (b) externally using the src attribute (for dialog languages defined outside this specification), or (c) reference a previously prepared dialog using the prepareddialogid attribute. If exactly one of the src attribute, the prepareddialogid or a <dialog> child element is not specified, it is a syntax error and the MS MUST send a <response> with a 400 status code (Section 4.5). If the prepareddialogid and dialogid attributes are specified, it is also a syntax error and the MS MUST send a <response> with a 400 status code. The type and fetchtimeout attributes are only relevant when a dialog is specified as an external document.

The <stream> element provides explicit control over which media streams on the connection or conference are used during dialog execution. For example, if a connection supports both audio and video streams, a <stream> element could be used to indicate that only the audio stream is used in receive mode. In cases where there are multiple media streams of the same type for a dialog, it is RECOMMENDED that the configuration is explicitly specified using <stream> elements. If no <stream> elements are specified, then the default media configuration is that defined for the connection or conference.

If a <stream> element is in conflict with (a) another <stream> element, (b) with specified connection or conference media
capabilities, (c) with a SDP label value as part of the connectionid (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]) then the MS MUST send a <response> with a 411 status code (Section 4.5). If the media stream configuration is not supported by the MS, then the MS MUST send a <response> with a 428 status code (Section 4.5).

This specification allows multiple, simultaneous dialogs to be started on the same connection or conference. It is RECOMMENDED the MS support the following cases:

1. different media streams used in different dialogs; e.g. audio only on one dialog and video only on another dialog
2. the same media stream received by different dialogs
3. use of implicit mixing (where appropriate) when the same type of media stream is sent from different dialogs

If the MS does not support starting another dialog on the same connection or conference it MUST send a <response> with a 432 status code (Section 4.5) when it receives the second dialog request.

For example, a request to start an ivr dialog on a connection subscribing to DTMF notifications:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart connectionid="connection1">
    <dialog>
      <prompt>
        <media loc="http://www.example.com/getpin.wav"/>
      </prompt>
      <collect maxdigits="2"/>
    </dialog>
    <subscribe>
      <dmtfsub matchmode="all"/>
    </subscribe>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>

In this example, the dialog is started on a conference where only audio media stream is received:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart conferenceid="conference1">
    <dialog>
      <record maxtime="384000s"/>
    </dialog>
    <stream media="audio" direction="recvonly"/>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
4.2.2.1.  <subscribe>

The <subscribe> element allows the AS to subscribe to, and be notified of, specific events which occur during execution of the dialog. Notifications of dialog events are delivered using the <event> element (see Section 4.2.5).

The <subscribe> element has no attributes.

The <subscribe> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<dtmfsub>: Subscription to DTMF input during the dialog (Section 4.2.2.1.1). The element is optional.

The MS MUST support a <dtmfsub> subscription. It MAY support other dialog subscriptions (using elements and attributes from a foreign namespace).

4.2.2.1.1.  <dtmfsub>

The <dtmfsub> element has the following attributes:

matchmode: controls which DTMF input are subscribed to. Valid values are: "all" - notify all DTMF key presses received during the dialog; "collect" - notify only DTMF input matched by the collect operation (Section 4.3.1.3); and "control" - notify only DTMF input matched by the runtime control operation (Section 4.3.1.2). The attribute is optional. The default value is "all".

The <dtmfsub> element has no child elements.

DTMF notifications are delivered in the <dtmfnotify> element (Section 4.2.5.2).

For example, the AS wishes to subscribe to DTMF key press matching a runtime control:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart dialogid="d3" connectionid="connection1">
<dialog>
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/getpin.wav"/>
</prompt>
<control ffkey="2" rewkey="3"/>
</dialog>
<subscribe>
<dmtfnotify matchmode="control"/>
</subscribe>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

Each time a '2' or '3' DTMF input is received, the MS sends a notification event:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<event dialogid="d3">
<dmtfnotify matchmode="collect" dtmf="2" timestamp="2008-05-12T12:13:14Z"/>
</event>
</mscivr>

4.2.2.2.  <stream>

The <stream> element has the following attributes:

media: a string indicating the type of media associated with the stream. It is strongly RECOMMENDED that the following values are used for common types of media: "audio" for audio media, and "video" for video media. The attribute is mandatory.

label: a string indicating the SDP label associated with a media stream ([RFC4574]). The attribute is optional.

direction: a string indicating the direction of the media flow between a dialog and its end point conference or connection. Defined values are: "sendrecv" (media can be sent and received), "sendonly" (media can only be sent), "recvonly" (media can only be received) and "inactive" (stream is not to be used). The default value is "sendrecv". The attribute is optional.

The <stream> element has the following sequence of child elements:
<region>: an element to specify the region within a mixer video layout where a media stream is displayed (Section 4.2.2.2.1). The element is optional.

<priority>: an element to configure priority associated with the stream in the conference mix (Section 4.2.2.2.2). The element is optional.

If conferenceid is not specified or if the "media" attribute does not have the value of "video", then the MS MUST ignored the <region> and <priority> elements.

For example, assume a user agent connection with multiple audio and video streams associated with the user and a separate web camera. In this case, the dialog could be started to record only the audio and video streams associated with the user:

```
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart connectionid="connection1">
    <dialog>
      <record maxtime="384000s"/>
    </dialog>
    <stream media="audio" label="camaudio" direction="inactive"/>
    <stream media="video" label="camvideo" direction="inactive"/>
    <stream media="audio" label="useraudio" direction="recvonly"/>
    <stream media="video" label="uservideo" direction="recvonly"/>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
```

Using the <region> element, the dialog can be started on a conference mixer so that the video output from the dialog is directed to a specific region within a video layout. For example:

```
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart conferenceid="conference1">
    <dialog>
      <prompt>
        <media loc="http://www.example.com/presentation.3gp"/>
      </prompt>
    </dialog>
    <stream media="video" direction="sendonly">
      <region>r1</region>
    </stream>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
```
4.2.2.2.1. <region>

The <region> element is used to specify the region within a video layout where a video media stream is displayed.

The <region> element has no attributes and its content model specifies the name of the region layout.

If the region name is invalid, then the MS MUST report a 416 status code (Section 4.5) in the response to the request element containing the <region> element.

4.2.2.2.2. <priority>

The <priority> element is used to explicitly specify the priority of the dialog for presentation in a conference mix.

The <priority> element has no attributes and its content model specifies a positive integer (see Section 4.6.5). The lower the value, the higher the priority.

4.2.3. <dialogterminate>

A dialog can be terminated by sending a <dialogterminate> request element to the MS.

The <dialogterminate> element has the following attributes:

dialogid: string identifying the dialog to terminate. If the specified dialog identifier is invalid, the MS MUST send a response with a 405 status code (Section 4.5). The attribute is mandatory.

immediate: indicates whether a dialog in the STARTED state is to be terminated immediately or not (in other states, termination is always immediate). A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that the dialog is terminated immediately and the MS MUST send a dialogexit notification (Section 4.2.5.1) without report information. A value of false indicates that the dialog terminates after the current iteration and the MS MUST send a dialogexit notification with report information. The attribute is optional. The default value is false.

The MS MUST reply to <dialogterminate> request with a <response> element (Section 4.2.4), reporting whether the dialog was terminated successful or not.
For example, immediately terminating a STARTED dialog with dialogid "d4":

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogterminate dialogid="d4" immediate="true"/>
</mscivr>
```

If the dialog is terminated successfully, then the response to the dialogterminate request would be:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="200" dialogid="d4"/>
</mscivr>
```

### 4.2.4. `<response>`

Responses to dialog management requests are specified with a `<response>` element.

The `<response>` element has following attributes:

- **status**: numeric code indicating the response status. Valid values are defined in Section 4.5. The attribute is mandatory.
- **reason**: string specifying a reason for the response status. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.
- **dialogid**: string identifying the dialog. If the request specifies a dialogid, then that value is used. Otherwise, with `<dialogprepare>` and `<dialogstart>` requests, the dialogid generated by the MS is used. If there is no available dialogid (e.g. a `<dialogterminate>` request with no dialogid attribute specified), then the value is the empty string. The attribute is mandatory.
- **connectionid**: string identifying the SIP dialog connection associated with the dialog (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.
- **conferenceid**: string identifying the conference associated with the dialog (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

For example, a response when a dialog was prepared successfully:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="200" dialogid="d5"/>
</mscivr>
```
The response if dialog preparation failed due to an unsupported dialog language:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="421" dialogid="d5" reason="Unsupported dialog language: application/voicexml+xml"/>
</mscivr>

In this example a <dialogterminate> request does not specify a dialogid:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogterminate/>
</mscivr>

The response status indicates a 400 (Syntax error) status code and dialogid attribute has an empty string value:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="400" dialogid="" reason="Attribute required: dialogid"/>
</mscivr>

4.2.5. <event>

When a dialog generates a notification event, the MS sends the event using an <event> element.

The <event> element has the following attributes:

dialogid: string identifying the dialog which generated the event. The attribute is mandatory.

The <event> element has the following child elements, only one of which can occur:

<dialogexit>: indicates that the dialog has exited (Section 4.2.5.1).

<dtmfnotify>: indicates that a DTMF key press occurred (Section 4.2.5.2).
4.2.5.1. <dialogexit>

The <dialogexit> event indicates that a prepared or active dialog has exited because it is complete, has been terminated, or because an error occurred during execution (for example, a media resource cannot be played). This event MUST be sent by the MS when the dialog exits.

The <dialogexit> element has the following attributes:

status: a status code indicating success or failure of the dialog. A valid value is a non-negative integer (see Section 4.6.4). A value of 0 indicates that the dialog has been terminated by a <dialogterminate> request. A value of 1 indicates success. A value of 2 indicates that the dialog terminated because the connection or conference associated with the dialog has terminated. A value of 3 indicates the dialog terminated due to exceeding its maximum duration. A value of 4 indicates the dialog terminated due to an execution error. Any other value indicates an error defined by the MS. The attribute is mandatory.

reason: a textual description providing a reason for the status code; e.g. details about an error. A valid value is a string (see Section 4.6.6). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The <dialogexit> element has the following sequence of child elements:

<promptinfo>: report information (Section 4.3.2.1) about the prompt execution in an IVR <dialog>. The element is optional.

<controlinfo>: reports information (Section 4.3.2.2) about the control execution in an IVR <dialog>. The element is optional.

<collectinfo>: reports information (Section 4.3.2.3) about the collect execution in an IVR <dialog>. The element is optional.

<recordinfo>: reports information (Section 4.3.2.4) about the record execution in an IVR <dialog>. The element is optional.

<params>: reports exit parameters (Section 4.2.6) for a dialog language defined outside this specification. The element is optional.

For example, an active <dialog> exits normally the MS sends a dialogexit <event> reporting information:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <event dialogid="d6"/>
  <collectinfo dtmf="1234" termmode="match"/>
</dialogexit>
</event>
</mscivr>

4.2.5.2. <dtmfnotify>

The <dtmfnotify> element provide a notification of DTMF input received during the active dialog as requested by a <dtmfsub> subscription (Section 4.2.2.1).

The <dtmfnotify> element has the following attributes:

- **matchmode**: indicates the matching mode specified in the subscription request. Valid values are: "all" - all DTMF key presses notified individually; "collect" - only DTMF input matched by the collect operation notified; and "control" - only DTMF input matched by the control operation notified. The attribute is optional. The default value is "all".

- **dtmf**: DTMF key presses received according to the matchmode. A valid value is a DTMF string (see Section 4.6.3) with no space between characters. The attribute is mandatory.

- **timestamp**: indicates the time (on the MS) at which the last key press occurred according to the matchmode. A valid value is a dateTime expression (Section 4.6.12). The attribute is mandatory.

For example, a notification of DTMF input matched during the collect operation:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <event dialogid="d3">
    <dtmfnotify matchmode="collect" dtmf="3123"
  </event>
</mscivr>

4.2.6. <params>

The <params> element is a container for <param> elements (Section 4.2.6.1).

The <params> element has no attributes, but the following child elements are defined (0 or more):

<param>: specifies a parameter name and value (Section 4.2.6.1).

For example, usage with a dialog language defined outside this specification to send additional parameters into the dialog:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart type="application/x-dialog" src="nfs://nas01/dialog4" connectionid="c1">
    <params>
      <param name="mode">playannouncement</param>
      <param name="prompt1">nfs://nas01/media1.3gp</param>
      <param name="prompt2">nfs://nas01/media2.3gp</param>
    </params>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
```

4.2.6.1.  <param>

The <param> element describes a parameter name and value.

The <param> element has the following attributes:

- **name**: a string indicating the name of the parameter. The attribute is mandatory.
- **type**: specifies a type indicating how the inline value of the parameter is to be interpreted. A valid value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The attribute is optional. The default value is "text/plain".

The <param> element content model is the value of the parameter. Note that a value which contains XML characters (e.g. "<") needs to be escaped following standard XML conventions.

For example, usage with a dialog language defined outside this specification to receive parameters from the dialog when it exits:
This section describes the IVR dialog language defined as part of this specification. The MS MUST support this dialog language.

The <dialog> element is an execution container for operations of playing prompts (Section 4.3.1.1), runtime controls (Section 4.3.1.2), collecting DTMF (Section 4.3.1.3), and recording user input (Section 4.3.1.4). Results of the dialog execution (Section 4.3.2) are reported in a dialogexit notification event.

Using these elements, three common dialog models are supported:

playannouncements: only a <prompt> element is specified in the container. The prompt media resources are played in sequence.

promptandcollect: a <collect> element is specified and, optionally, a <prompt> element. If a <prompt> element is specified and bargein is enabled, playing of the prompt is terminated when bargein occurs, and DTMF collection is initiated; otherwise, the prompt is played to completion before DTMF collection is initiated. If no prompt element is specified, DTMF collection is initiated immediately.

promptandrecord: a <record> element is specified and, optionally, a <prompt> element. If a <prompt> element is specified and bargein is enabled, playing of the prompt is terminated when bargein occurs, and recording is initiated; otherwise, the prompt is played to completion before recording is initiated. If no prompt element is specified, recording is initiated immediately.
In addition, this dialog language supports runtime (‘VCR’) controls enabling a user to control prompt playback using DTMF.

Each of the core elements - <prompt>, <control>, <collect> and <record> - are specified so that their execution and reporting is largely self-contained. This facilitates their re-use in other dialog container elements. Note that DTMF and bargein behavior affects multiple elements and is addressed in the relevant element definitions.

Execution results are reported in the <dialogexit> notification event with child elements defined in Section 4.3.2. If the dialog terminated normally (i.e. not due to an error or to a <dialogterminate> request), then the MS MUST report the results for the operations specified in the dialog:

<prompt>:  <promptinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.1) with at least the termmode attribute specified.

<control>:  <controlinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.2) if any runtime controls are matched.

<collect>:  <collectinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.3) with the dtmf and termmode attributes specified.

<record>:  <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4) with at least the termmode attribute and one <mediainfo> element specified.

The media format requirements for IVR dialogs are undefined. This package is agnostic to the media types and codecs for media resources and recording which need to be supported by an implementation. For example, a MS implementation may choose to support only audio and in particular the ‘audio/basic’ codec for media playback and recording. However, when executing a dialog, if an MS encounters a media type or codec which it cannot process, the MS MUST stop further processing and report the error using the dialogexit notification.

4.3.1. <dialog>

An IVR dialog to play prompts to the user, allow runtime controls, collect DTMF or record input. The dialog is specified using a <dialog> element.

A <dialog> element has the following attributes:
repeatCount: number of times the dialog is to be executed. A valid value is a non-negative integer (see Section 4.6.4). A value of 0 indicates that the dialog is repeated until halted by other means. The attribute is optional. The default value is 1.

repeatDur: maximum duration for dialog execution. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). If no value is specified, then there is no limit on the duration of the dialog. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The repeatDur attribute takes priority over the repeatCount attribute in determining maximum duration of the dialog. See ‘repeatCount’ and ‘repeatDur’ in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]) for further information. In the situation where a dialog is repeated more than once, only the results of operations in the last dialog iteration are reported.

The <dialog> element has the following sequence of child elements (at least one, any order):

<prompt>: defines media resources to play in sequence (see Section 4.3.1.1). The element is optional.

<control>: defines how DTMF is used for runtime controls (see Section 4.3.1.2). The element is optional.

<collect>: defines how DTMF is collected (see Section 4.3.1.3). The element is optional.

<record>: defines how recording takes place (see Section 4.3.1.4). The element is optional.

Although the behavior when both <collect> and <record> elements are specified in a request is not defined in this control package, the MS MAY support this configuration. If the MS does not support this configuration, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 433 status code.

The MS has the following execution model for the IVR dialog after initialization (initialization errors are reported by the MS in the response):

1. If an error occurs during execution, then the MS terminates the dialog and reports the error in the <dialogexit> event by setting the status attribute (see Section 4.3.2). Details about the error are specified in the reason attribute.

2. The MS initializes a counter to 0.
3. The MS starts a duration timer for the value of the repeatDur attribute. If the timer expires before the dialog is complete, then the MS terminates the dialog and sends a dialogexit whose status attribute is set to 3 (see Section 4.2.5.1). The MS MAY report information in the dialogexit gathered in the last execution cycle (if any).

4. The MS initiates a dialog execution cycle. Each cycle executes the operations associated with the child elements of the dialog. If a <prompt> element is specified, then execute the element’s prompt playing operation and activate any controls (if the <control> element is specified). If no <prompt> is specified or when a specified <prompt> terminates, then start the collect operation or the record operation if the <collect> or <record> elements respectively are specified. If subscriptions are specified for the dialog, then the MS sends a notification event when the specified event occurs. If execution of a child element results in an error, the MS terminates dialog execution (and stops other child element operations) and the MS sends a dialogexit status event, reporting any information gathered.

5. If the dialog execution cycle completes successfully, then the MS increments the counter by one. If the value of the repeatCount attribute is greater than zero and the counter is equal to the value of the repeatCount attribute, then the MS terminates dialog execution and the sends a dialogexit (with a status of 1) reporting operation information collected in the last dialog execution cycle only. Otherwise, another dialog execution cycle is initiated.

4.3.1.1. <prompt>

The <prompt> element specifies a sequence of media resources to play back in document order.

A <prompt> element has the following attributes:

xml:base: A string declaring the base URI from which relative URIs in child elements are resolved prior to fetching. A valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

bargein: Indicates whether user input stops prompt playback unless the input is associated with a specified runtime <control> operation (input matching control operations never interrupts prompt playback). A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that bargein is permitted and prompt playback is stopped. A value of false indicates that bargein is
not permitted: user input does not terminate prompt playback. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

The <prompt> element has the following child elements (at least one, any order, multiple occurrences of elements permitted):

<media>: specifies a media resource (see Section 4.3.1.5) to play. The element is optional.

<variable>: specifies a variable media announcement (see Section 4.3.1.1) to play. The element is optional.

<dtmf>: generates one or more DTMF tones (see Section 4.3.1.1.2) to play. The element is optional.

<par>: specifies media resources to play in parallel (see Section 4.3.1.1.3). The element is optional.

If the MS does not support the configuration required for prompt playback to the output media streams, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 429 status code (Section 4.5). The MS MAY support transcoding between the media resource format and the output stream format.

The MS has the following execution model for prompt playing after initialization:

1. The MS initiates prompt playback playing its child elements (<media>, <variable>, <dtmf> and <par>) one after another in document order.

2. If any error (including fetching and rendering errors) occurs during prompt execution, then the MS terminates playback and reports its error status to the dialog container (see Section 4.3) with a <promptinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.1) where the termmode attribute is set to stopped and any additional information is set.

3. If DTMF input is received and the value of the bargein attribute is true, then the MS terminates prompt playback and reports its execution status to the dialog container (see Section 4.3) with a <promptinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.1) where the termmode attribute is set to bargein and any additional information is set.

4. If prompt playback is stopped by the dialog container, then the MS reports its execution status to the dialog container (see Section 4.3) with a <promptinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.1) where the termmode attribute is set to stopped and any additional information is set.
5. If prompt playback completes successfully, then the MS reports its execution status to the dialog container (see Section 4.3) with a <promptinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.1) where the termmode attribute is set to completed and any additional information is set.

4.3.1.1.1. <variable>

The <variable> element specifies variable announcements using predefined media resources. Each variable has at least a type (e.g. date) and a value (e.g. 2008-02-25). The value is rendered according to the variable type (e.g. 25th February 2008) as well as other defined attributes. The precise mechanism for generating variable announcements (including the location of associated media resources) is implementation specific.

A <variable> element has the following attributes:

- **value**: specifies the string to be rendered. A valid value is a string (see Section 4.6.6). The attribute is mandatory.
- **type**: specifies the type to use for rendering. A valid value is a string (see Section 4.6.6). The attribute is mandatory.
- **format**: specifies format information to use in conjunction with the type for the rendering. A valid value is a string (see Section 4.6.6). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.
- **gender**: specifies the gender to use when rendering the variable. Valid values are "male" or "female". The attribute is optional. There is no default value.
- **xml:lang**: specifies the language to use when rendering the variable. A valid value is a language identifier (see Section 4.6.11). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The <variable> element has no children.

This package is agnostic to which <variable> values, types and formats are supported by an implementation. However it is RECOMMENDED that an implementation support the following type/format combinations:

- **type=date** Supported formats: "mdy" (month day year), "ymd" (year month day), "dym" (day month year), "dm" (day month)
type=time  Supported formats: "t12" (12 hour format with am/pm), "t24" (24 hour format)

type=digits  Supported formats: "gen" (general digit string), "crn" (cardinal), "ord" (ordinal)

This specification is agnostic to the type and codec of media resources into which variable are rendered as well as the rendering mechanism itself. For example, an MS implementation supporting audio rendering may map the <variable> into one or more audio media resources.

If a <variable> element configuration is not supported by the MS, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 425 status code (Section 4.5).

Depending on the specific implementation of the <variable> rendering on the MS, execution of this element may be seen as conversion of a <variable> into a list of <media> elements. For example,

```xml
<variable value="2008-02-25" type="date" format="dmy" xml:lang="en" gender="male"/>
```

could be transformed into audio saying "twenty-fifth of February two thousand and eight" using a list of <media> resources:

```xml
<media loc="nfs://voicebase/en/male/25th.wav"/>
<media loc="nfs://voicebase/en/male/of.wav"/>
<media loc="nfs://voicebase/en/male/february.wav"/>
<media loc="nfs://voicebase/en/male/and.wav"/>
<media loc="nfs://voicebase/en/male/8.wav"/>
```

### 4.3.1.1.2. <dtmf>

The <dtmf> element specifies a sequence of DTMF tones for output.

DTMF tones could be generated using <media> resources where the output is transported as RTP audio packets. However, <media> resources are not sufficient for cases where DTMF tones are to be transported as DTMF RTP ([RFC4733]) or in event packages.

A <dtmf> element has the following attributes:

- **digits**: specifies the DTMF sequence to output. A valid value is a DTMF string (see Section 4.6.3). The attribute is mandatory.
level: used to define the power level for which the DTMF tones will be generated. Values are expressed in dBm0. A valid value is an integer in the range of 0 to -96 (dBm0). Larger negative values express lower power levels. Note that values lower than -55 dBm0 will be rejected by most receivers (TR-TSY-000181, ITU-T Q.24A). The attribute is optional. The default value is -6 (dBm0).

duration: specifies the duration for which each DTMF tone is generated. A valid value is a time designation (see Section 4.6.7). Implementations may round the value if they only support discrete durations. The attribute is optional. The default value is 100ms.

interval: specifies the duration of a silence interval following each generated DTMF tone. A valid value is a time designation (see Section 4.6.7). Implementations may round the value if they only support discrete durations. The attribute is optional. The default value is 100ms.

The <dtmf> element has no children.

If a <dtmf> element configuration is not supported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 426 status code (Section 4.5).

4.3.1.1.3. <par>

The <par> element allows media resources to be played in parallel. Each of its child elements specify a media resource (or a sequence of media resources using the <seq> element). When playback of the <par> element is initiated, the MS begins playback of all its child elements at the same time. This element is modeled after the <par> element in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]).

The <par> element has the following attributes:

endsync: indicates when playback of the element is complete. Valid values are: "first" - indicates that the element is complete when any child element reports that it is complete; "last" - indicates it is complete when every child elements are complete. The attribute is optional. The default value is "last".

If the value is "first", then playback of other child element is stopped when one child element reports it is complete.

The <par> element has the following child elements (at least one, any order, multiple occurrences of each element permitted):
<seq>: specifies a sequence of media resources to play in a parallel
with other <par> child elements (see Section 4.3.1.1.3.1). The
element is optional.

<media>: specifies a media resource (see Section 4.3.1.5) to play.
The element is optional.

<variable>: specifies a variable media announcement (see
Section 4.3.1.1.1) to play. The element is optional.

<dtmf>: generates one or more DTMF tones (see Section 4.3.1.1.2) to
play. The element is optional.

It is RECOMMENDED that the MS implementation at least supports
playback different media (e.g. audio and video) in parallel where
mixing of media on the same stream is not required. The MS MAY
support transcoding between the media resource format and the output
stream format.

Runtime <control>s (Section 4.3.1.2) apply to each child element
playing parallel. For example, pause and resume controls cause all
child elements to be paused and resumed respectively.

If the <par> element is stopped by the prompt container (e.g. bargein
or dialog termination), then playback of all child elements is
stopped. The playback duration (Section 4.3.2.1) reported for the
<par> element is the duration of parallel playback, not the
cumulative duration of each child element played in parallel.

For example, a request to playback audio and video media in parallel:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
    <dialogstart connectionid="c1">
        <dialog>
            <prompt>
                <par>
                    <media type="audio/x-wav"
                          loc="http://www.example.com/media/comments.wav"/>
                    <media type="video/3gpp;codecs='s263'"
                          loc="http://www.example.com/media/camera.3gp"/>
                </par>
            </prompt>
        </dialog>
    </dialogstart>
</mscivr>

When the <prompt> element is executed, it begins playback of its
child element in document order sequence. In this case, there is
only one child element, a <par> element itself containing audio and video <media> child element. Consequently playback of both audio and video media resources is initiated at the same time. Since the endsync attribute is not specified, the default value "last" applies. The <par> element playback is complete when the media resource with the longest duration is complete.

4.3.1.1.3.1. <seq>

The <seq> element specifies media resources to be played back in sequence. This allows a sequence of media resources to be played at the same time as other children of a <par> element are played in parallel. For example, a sequence of audio resources while a video resource is played in parallel. This element is modeled after the <seq> element in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]).

The <seq> element has no attributes.

The <seq> element has the following child elements (at least one, any order, multiple occurrences of each element permitted):

<media>: specifies a media resource (see Section 4.3.1.5) to play. The element is optional.

<variable>: specifies a variable media announcement (see Section 4.3.1.1.1) to play. The element is optional.

<dtmf>: generates one or more DTMF tones (see Section 4.3.1.1.2) to play. The element is optional.

It is RECOMMENDED that the MS implementation at least supports playback of the same media (e.g. audio only) within a <seq> element.

Playback of a <seq> element is complete when all child elements in the sequence are complete. If the <seq> element is stopped by the <par> container, then playback of the current child element is stopped (remaining child elements in the sequence are not played).

For example, a request to play a sequence of audio resources in parallel with a video media:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart connectionid="c1">
  <dialog>
    <prompt>
      <par endsync="first">
        <seq>
          <media type="audio/x-wav"
            loc="http://www.example.com/media/date.wav"/>
          <media type="audio/x-wav"
            loc="http://www.example.com/media/intro.wav"/>
          <media type="audio/x-wav"
            loc="http://www.example.com/media/main.wav"/>
          <media type="audio/x-wav"
            loc="http://www.example.com/media/end.wav"/>
        </seq>
        <media type="video/3gpp;codecs='s263'"
          loc="rtsp://www.example.com/media/camera.3gp"/>
      </par>
    </prompt>
  </dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

When the <prompt> element is executed, it begins playback of the <par> element containing a <seq> element and a video <media> element. The <seq> element itself contains a sequence of audio <media> elements. Consequently playback of the video media resource is initiated at the same time as playback of the sequence of the audio media resources is initiated. Each audio resource is played back after the previous one completes. Since the endsync attribute is set to "first", the <par> element playback is complete when either all the audio resources in <seq> have been played to completion or the video <media> is complete, whichever occurs first.

4.3.1.2. <control>

The <control> element defines how DTMF input is mapped to runtime controls, including prompt playback controls.

DTMF input matching these controls MUST NOT cause prompt playback to interrupted (i.e. no prompt bargein), but causes the appropriate operation to be applied; for examples, speeding up prompt playback.

DTMF input matching these controls has priority over <collect> input for the duration of prompt playback. If incoming DTMF matches a specified runtime control, then the DTMF is not available to the <collect> operation, including its digit buffer. Once prompt playback is complete, runtime controls are no longer active.
The `<control>` element has the following attributes:

- **gotostartkey**: maps a DTMF key to skip directly to the start of the prompt. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **gotoendkey**: maps a DTMF key to skip directly to the end of the prompt. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **skipinterval**: indicates how far a MS should skip backwards or forwards through prompt playback when the rewind (rwkey) of fast forward key (ffkey) is pressed. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 6s.

- **ffkey**: maps a DTMF key to a fast forward operation equal to the value of `skipinterval`. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **rwkey**: maps a DTMF key to a rewind operation equal to the value of `skipinterval`. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **pauseinterval**: indicates how long a MS should pause prompt playback when the pausekey is pressed. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 10s.

- **pausekey**: maps a DTMF key to a pause operation equal to the value of `pauseinterval`. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **resumekey**: maps a DTMF key to a resume operation. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- **volumeinterval**: indicates the increase or decrease in playback volume (relative to the current volume) when the volupkey or voldnkey is pressed. A valid value is a percentage (see Section 4.6.8). The attribute is optional. The default value is 10%.
volupkey: maps a DTMF key to a volume increase operation equal to the value of ‘volumeinterval’. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

voldnkey: maps a DTMF key to a volume decrease operation equal to the value of ‘volumeinterval’. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

speedinterval: indicates the increase or decrease in playback speed (relative to the current speed) when the speedupkey or speeddnkey is pressed. A valid value is a percentage (see Section 4.6.8). The attribute is optional. The default value is 10%.

speedupkey: maps a DTMF key to a speed increase operation equal to the value of the speedinterval attribute. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

speeddnkey: maps a DTMF key to a speed decrease operation equal to the value of the speedinterval attribute. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

external: allows one or more DTMF keys to be declared as external controls (for example: video camera controls); the MS can send notifications when a matching key is activated using <dtmfnotify> (Section 4.2.5.2). A valid value is a DTMF String (see Section 4.6.3). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

If the same DTMF is specified in more than one DTMF key control attribute – except the pausekey and resumekey attributes – the MS MUST send a <response> with a 413 status code (Section 4.5).

The MS has the following execution model for runtime control after initialization:

1. If an error occurs during execution, then the MS terminates runtime control and the error is reported to the dialog container. The MS MAY report controls executed successfully before the error in <controlinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.2).

2. Runtime controls are active only during prompt playback (if no <prompt> element is specified, then runtime controls are ignored). If DTMF input matches any specified keys (for example the ffkey), then the appropriate operation is applied.
immediately. If a seek operation (ffkey, rwkey) attempts to go
beyond the beginning or end of the prompt queue, then it is
automatically truncated to the prompt beginning or end
respectively. If the pause operation attempts to pause output
when it is already paused, then the operation is ignored. If the
resume operation attempts to resume when the prompts are not
paused, then the operation is ignored. If a volume operations
attempts to go beyond the minimum or maximum volume supported by
the platform, then the operation is ignored.

3. If DTMF control subscription has been specified for the dialog,
then each DTMF match of a control operation is reported in a
<dtmfnotify> notification event (Section 4.2.5.2).

4. When the dialog exits, all control matches are reported in a
<controlinfo> element (Section 4.3.2.2).

4.3.1.3. <collect>

The <collect> element defines how DTMF input is collected.

The <collect> element has the following attributes:

cleardigitbuffer: indicates whether the digit buffer is to be
cleared. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value
of true indicates that the digit buffer is to be cleared. A value
of false indicates that the digit buffer is not to be cleared.
The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

timeout: indicates the maximum time to wait for user input to begin.
A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The
attribute is optional. The default value is 5s.

interdigittimeout: indicates inter-digit timeout value to use when
recognizing DTMF input. A valid value is a Time Designation (see
Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is
2s.

termtimeout: indicates the terminating timeout value to use when
recognizing DTMF input. A valid value is a Time Designation (see
Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is
0s.

escapekey: specifies a DTMF key that indicates the DTMF collection
is to be re-initiated. A valid value is a DTMF Character (see
Section 4.6.2). The attribute is optional. There is no default
value.
termchar: specifies a DTMF character for terminating DTMF input collection using the internal grammar. A valid value is a DTMF character (see Section 4.6.2). To disable termination by a conventional DTMF character, set the parameter to an unconventional character like ‘A’. The attribute is optional. The default value is ‘#."

maxdigits: The maximum number of digits to collect using an internal digits (0-9 only) grammar. A valid value is a positive integer (see Section 4.6.5). The attribute is optional. The default value is 5.

The <collect> element has the following child elements:

<grammar>: indicates a custom grammar format (see Section 4.3.1.3.1). The element is optional.

The custom grammar takes priority over the internal grammar. If a <grammar> element is specified, the MS MUST use it for DTMF collection.

The MS has the following execution model for DTMF collection after initialization:

1. The DTMF collection buffer MUST NOT receive DTMF input matching <control> operations (see Section 4.3.1.2).

2. If an error occurs during execution, then the MS terminates collection and reports the error to the dialog container (see Section 4.3). The MS may report DTMF collected before the error in <collectinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.3).

3. The MS clears the digit buffer if the value of the cleardigitbuffer attribute is true.

4. The MS activates a timer with the duration of the value of the timeout attribute. If the timer expires before DTMF input collection begins, then collection execution terminates, the <collectinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.3) has the termmode attribute set to noinput and the execution status reported to the dialog container.

5. If DTMF collect input matches the value of the escapekey attribute, then the MS cancels the timer and re-initializes DTMF collection.

6. Other DTMF collect input is matched to the grammar. Valid DTMF patterns are either a simple digit string where the maximum
length is determined by the maxdigits attribute and may be
terminated by the character in the termchar attribute; or a
custom DTMF grammar specified with the <grammar> element. The
attributes interdigittimeout and termtimeout control interdigit
timeout and the terminating timeout respectively.

7. If the collect input completely matches the grammar, the timer is
canceled, the MS terminates collection execution and reports
execution status to the dialog container with <collectinfo> (see
Section 4.3.2.3) where the termmode attribute set to match.

8. If the collect input does not match the grammar, the MS cancels
the timer, terminates collection execution and reports execution
status to the dialog container with a <collectinfo> (see
Section 4.3.2.3) where the termmode attribute set to nomatch.

4.3.1.3.1. <grammar>

The <grammar> element allows a custom grammar, inline or external, to
be specified. Custom grammars permit the full range of DTMF
characters including ‘*’ and ‘#’ to be specified for DTMF pattern
matching.

The <grammar> element has the following attributes:

src: specifies the location of an external grammar document. A
valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). If the URI scheme is
unsupported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 420 status code
(Section 4.5). If the resource cannot be retrieved within the
timeout interval, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 409 status
code. If the grammar format is not supported, the MS MUST send a
<response> with a 424 status code. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

type: identifies the preferred type of the grammar document
identified by the src attribute. The MS MAY use the value to
assist the remote source in selecting the appropriate resource
type (e.g. with HTTP ‘accept’ header) and to determine how the
document is processed if the protocol does not provide an
authoritative MIME media type for the returned resource. A valid
value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The attribute is
optional. There is no default value.

fetchtimeout: the maximum interval to wait when fetching a grammar
resource. A valid value is a Time Designation (see
Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is
30s.
The <grammar> element allows inline grammars to be specified. XML grammar formats MUST use a namespace other than the one used in this specification. Non-XML grammar formats MAY use a CDATA section.

The MS MUST support the [SRGS] XML grammar format ("application/srgs+xml") and MS MAY support KPML ([RFC4730]) or other grammar formats. If the grammar format is not supported by the MS, then the MS MUST send a <response> with a 424 status code (Section 4.5).

For example, the following fragment shows DTMF collection with an inline SRGS grammar:

```xml
<collect cleardigitbuffer="false" timeout="20s"
         interdigittimeout="1s">
  <grammar>
    <grammar xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/06/grammar"
             version="1.0" mode="dtmf">
      <rule id="digit">
        <one-of>
          <item>0</item>
          <item>1</item>
          <item>2</item>
          <item>3</item>
          <item>4</item>
          <item>5</item>
          <item>6</item>
          <item>7</item>
          <item>8</item>
          <item>9</item>
        </one-of>
      </rule>
      <rule id="pin" scope="public">
        <one-of>
          <item>
            <item repeat="4">
              <ruleref uri="#digit"/>
              <item>#{}</item>
            </item>
          </item> * 9</item>
        </one-of>
      </rule>
    </grammar>
  </grammar>
</collect>
```

The same grammar could also be referenced externally (and take advantage of HTTP caching):
4.3.1.4. <record>

The <record> element specifies how media input is recorded.

The <record> element has the following attributes:

- **timeout**: indicates the time to wait for user input to begin. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 5s.

- **vadinitial**: Control whether voice activity detection can be used to initiate the recording operation. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates the MS MAY initiate recording using voice activity detection. A value of false indicates that the MS MUST NOT initiate recording using voice activity detection. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

- **vadfinal**: Control whether voice activity detection can be used to terminate the recording operation. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates the MS MAY terminate recording using voice activity detection. A value of false indicates that the MS MUST NOT terminate recording using voice activity detection. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

- **dtmfterm**: Indicates whether the recording operation is terminated by DTMF input. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that recording is terminated by DTMF input. A value of false indicates that recording is not terminated by DTMF input. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

- **maxtime**: indicates The maximum duration of the recording. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 15s.

- **beep**: indicates whether a ‘beep’ should be played immediately prior to initiation of the recording operation. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). The attribute is optional. The default value is false.
finalsilence: indicates the interval of silence that indicates end of speech. This interval is not part of the recording itself. This parameter is ignored if the vadfinal attribute has the value false. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 5s.

append: indicates whether recorded data should be appended or not to a recording location if a resource already exists. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that recorded data is appended to the existing resource at a recording location. A value of false indicates that recorded data is to overwrite the existing resource. The attribute is optional. The default value is false.

The <record> element has the following child element (0 or more occurrences):

<media>: specifies the location and type of the media resource for uploading recorded data (see Section 4.3.1.5). The MS MUST have uploaded the recorded data to this resource as soon as possible after recording is complete. The element is optional.

If multiple <media> elements are specified, then media input is to be recorded in parallel to multiple resource locations.

If no <media> child element is specified, the MS MUST provide a recording location where the recording format is implementation-specific. The recording location and format are reported in <recordinfo> (Section 4.3.2.4) when the dialog terminates. The recording MUST be available from this location until the connection or conference associated with the dialog on the MS terminates.

If the MS does not support the configuration required for recording from the input media streams to one or more <media> elements, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 423 status code (Section 4.5). It is RECOMMENDED that the MS implementation at least supports recording different media (e.g. audio and video) in parallel to different locations. The MS MAY support transcoding between the input stream format and the recording location format.

Note that an MS MAY support uploading recorded data to recording locations at the same time the recording operation takes place. Such implementations should be aware of the requirements of certain recording formats (e.g. WAV) for metadata at the beginning of the uploaded file, that the finalsilence interval is not part of the recording and how these requirements interact with the URI scheme.

The MS has the following execution model for recording after
initialization:

1. If an error occurs during execution (e.g. authentication or communication error when trying to upload to a recording location), then the MS terminates record execution and reports the error to the dialog container (see Section 4.3). The MS MAY report data recorded before the error in <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4).

2. If DTMF input (not matching a <control> operation) is received during prompt playback and the prompt bargein attribute is set to true, then the MS activates the record execution. Otherwise, the MS activates it after the completion of prompt playback.

3. If a beep attribute with the value of true is specified, then the MS plays a beep tone.

4. The MS activates a timer with the duration of the value of the timeout attribute. If the timer expires before the recording operation begins, then the MS terminates the recording execution and reports the status to dialog container with <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4) where the termmode attribute is set to noinput.

5. Initiation of the recording operation depends on the value of the vadinitial attribute. If vadinitial has the value false, then the recording operation is initiated immediately. Otherwise, the recording operation is initiated when voice activity is detected.

6. When the recording operation is initiated, a timer is started for the value of the maxtime attribute (maximum duration of the recording). If the timer expires before the recording operation is complete, then the MS terminates recording execution and reports the execution status to the dialog container with <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4) where the termmode attribute is set to maxtime.

7. During the record operation input media streams are recording to a location and format specified in one or more <media> child elements. If no <media> child element is specified, the MS records input to an implementation-specific location and format.

8. If the dtmfterm attribute has the value true and DTMF input is detected during the record operation, then the MS terminates recording and its status is reported to the dialog container with a <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4) where the termmode attribute is set to dtmf.
9. If vadfinal attribute has the value true, then the MS terminates the recording operation when a period of silence, with the duration specified by the value of the finalsilence attribute, is detected. This period of silence is not part of the final recording. The status is reported to the dialog container with a <recordinfo> (see Section 4.3.2.4) where the termmode attribute is set to finalsilence.

For example, a request to record audio and video input to separate locations:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart connectionid="c1">
    <dialog>
      <record maxtime="30s" vadinitial="false" vadfinal="false">
        <media type="audio/x-wav" loc="http://www.example.com/upload/audio.wav"/>
        <media type="video/3gpp;codecs='s263'" loc="http://www.example.com/upload/video.3gp"/>
      </record>
    </dialog>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
```

When the <record> element is executed, it immediately begins recording of the audio and video (since vadinitial is false) where the destination locations are specified in the <media> child elements. Recording is completed when the duration reaches 30s or the connection is terminated.

4.3.1.5. <media>

The <media> element specifies a media resource to playback from (see Section 4.3.1.1) or record to (see Section 4.3.1.4). In the playback case, the resource is retrieved and in the recording case, recording data is uploaded to the resource location.

A <media> element has the following attributes:

- **loc**: specifies the location of the media resource. A valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). The MS SHOULD support the inclusion of authentication information in the URI if the URI scheme supports it (e.g. basic access authentication in HTTP). The MS MAY support more advanced authentication mechanisms. If the URI scheme is not supported by the MS, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 420 status code (Section 4.5). If the resource is to be retrieved but the MS cannot retrieve it within the timeout interval, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 409 status code. If the format of the
If the media resource is not supported, the MS MUST send a <response> with a 429 status code. The attribute is mandatory.

**type:** specifies the type of the media resource indicated in the ref attribute. A valid value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The value can include additional parameters (e.g. [RFC4281]) to guide the MS in using the media resource. If the resource is retrieved from the location, the MS MAY use the value to assist the remote source in selecting the appropriate resource type (e.g. with HTTP ‘accept’ header) and to determine how the resource is to be processed if the protocol does not provide an authoritative MIME media type for the returned resource. If data is to be uploaded to the resource location, the MS MAY use the parameters to determine which media streams are to be used; for example, using a ‘codec’ parameter for ‘bucket’ media types like video/3gpp. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

**fetchtimeout:** the maximum interval to wait when fetching a media resource. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The attribute is optional. The default value is 30s.

**soundLevel:** playback soundLevel (volume) for the media resource. A valid value is a percentage (see Section 4.6.4). The value indicates increase or decrease relative to the original recorded volume of the media. A value of 100% (the default) plays the media at its recorded volume, a value of 200% will play the media twice recorded volume, 50% at half its recorded volume, a value of 0% will play the media silently, and so on. See ‘soundLevel’ in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]) for further information. The attribute is optional. The default value is 100%.

**clipBegin:** offset from start of media resource to begin playback. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The offset is measured in normal media playback time from the beginning of the media resource. If the clipBegin offset is after the end of media (or the clipEnd offset), no media is played. See ‘clipBegin’ in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]) for further information. The attribute is optional. The default value is 0s.

**clipEnd:** offset from start of media resource to end playback. A valid value is a Time Designation (see Section 4.6.7). The offset is measured in normal media playback time from the beginning of the media resource. If the clipEnd offset is after the end of media, then the media is played to the end. If clipBegin is after clipEnd, then no media is played. See ‘clipEnd’ in SMIL ([W3C.REC-SMIL2-20051213]) for further information. The attribute
is optional. There is no default value.

The fetchtimeout, soundLevel, clipBegin and clipEnd attributes are only relevant in the playback use case. The MS SHOULD ignore these attributes when using the <media> for recording.

The <media> element has no children.

4.3.2. Exit Information

When the dialog exits, information about the specified operations is reported in a <dialogexit> notification event (Section 4.2.5.1).

4.3.2.1. <promptinfo>

The <promptinfo> element reports the information about prompt execution. It has the following attributes:

duration: indicates the duration of prompt playback in milliseconds. A valid value is a non-negative integer (see Section 4.6.4). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

termmode: indicates how playback was terminated. Valid values are: ‘stopped’, ‘completed’ or ‘bargein’. The attribute is mandatory.

The <promptinfo> element has no child elements.

4.3.2.2. <controlinfo>

The <controlinfo> element reports information about control execution.

The <controlinfo> element has no attributes and has 0 or more <controlmatch> child elements each describing an individual runtime control match.

4.3.2.2.1. <controlmatch>

The <controlmatch> element has the following attributes:

dtmf: DTMF input triggering the runtime control. A valid value is a DTMF string (see Section 4.6.3) with no space between characters. The attribute is mandatory.

timestamp: indicates the time (on the MS) at which the control was triggered. A valid value is an dateTime expression (Section 4.6.12). The attribute is mandatory.
4.3.2.3.  <collectinfo>

The <collectinfo> element reports the information about collect execution.

The <collectinfo> element has the following attributes:

- dtmf: DTMF input collected from the user. A valid value is a DTMF string (see Section 4.6.3) with no space between characters. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

- termmode: indicates how collection was terminated. Valid values are: 'stopped', 'match', 'noinput' or 'nomatch'. The attribute is mandatory.

The <collectinfo> element has no child elements.

4.3.2.4.  <recordinfo>

The <recordinfo> element reports information about record execution.

The <recordinfo> element has the following attributes:

- termmode: indicates how recording was terminated. Valid values are: 'stopped', 'noinput', 'dtmf', 'maxtime', and 'finalsilence'. The attribute is mandatory.

- duration: indicates the duration of the recording in milliseconds. A valid value is a non-negative integer (see Section 4.6.4). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The <recordinfo> element has the following child element (0 or more occurrences):

- <mediainfo>: indicates information about a recorded media resource (see Section 4.3.2.4.1). The element is optional.

When the record operation is successful, the MS SHOULD specify the same number of <mediainfo> child elements as recorded media destinations in <record> (Section 4.3.1.4).

4.3.2.4.1.  <mediainfo>

The <mediainfo> element reports information about a recorded media resource.
The <mediainfo> element has the following attributes:

loc: indicates the location of the media resource. A valid value is a URI (see Section 4.6.9). The attribute is mandatory.

type: indicates the format of the media resource. A valid value is a MIME media type (see Section 4.6.10). The attribute is mandatory.

size: indicates the size of the media resource in bytes. A valid value is a non-negative integer (see Section 4.6.4). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

4.4. Audit Elements

The audit elements defined in this section allow the MS to be audited for package capabilities as well as dialogs managed by the package. Auditing is particularly important for two use cases. First, it enables discovery of package capabilities supported on an MS before an AS starts a dialog on connection or conference. The AS may then use this information to create request elements using supported capabilities and, in the case of codecs, to negotiate an appropriate SDP for a user agent’s connection. Second, auditing enables discovery of the existence and status of dialogs currently managed by the package on the MS. This allows one AS to take over management of the dialogs when the AS which initiated the dialogs fails or is no longer available.

4.4.1. <audit>

The <audit> request element is sent to the MS to request information about the capabilities of, and dialogs currently managed with, this control package. Capabilities include supported dialog languages, grammar formats, record and media types as well as codecs. Dialog information includes the status of managed dialogs as well as codecs.

The <audit> element has the following attributes:

capabilities: indicates whether package capabilities are to be audited. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that capability information is to be reported. A value of false indicates that capability information is not to be reported. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.
dialogs: indicates whether dialogs currently managed by the package are to be audited. A valid value is a boolean (see Section 4.6.1). A value of true indicates that dialog information is to be reported. A value of false indicates that dialog information is not to be reported. The attribute is optional. The default value is true.

dialogid: string identifying a specific dialog to audit. The MS MUST send a response with a 406 status code (Section 4.5) if the specified dialog identifier is invalid. The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

If the dialogs attribute has the value true and dialogid attribute is specified, then only audit information about the specified dialog is reported. If the dialogs attribute has the value false, then no dialog audit information is reported even if a dialogid attribute is specified.

The <audit> element has no child elements.

When the MS receives an <audit> request, it MUST reply with a <auditresponse> element (Section 4.4.2) which includes a mandatory attribute describing the status in terms of a numeric code. Response status codes are defined in Section 4.5. If the request is successful, the <auditresponse> contains (depending on attribute values) a <capabilities> element (Section 4.4.2.2) reporting package capabilities and a <dialogs> element (Section 4.4.2.3) reporting managed dialog information. If the MS is not able to process the request and carry out the audit operation, the audit request has failed and the MS MUST indicate the class of failure using an appropriate 4xx response code. Unless an error response code is mandated for a specific class of error within this section, implementations follow Section 4.5 in determining the appropriate status code for the response.

For example, a request to audit capabilities and dialogs managed by the package:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <audit/>
</mscivr>
```

In this example, only capabilities are to be audited:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <audit dialogs="false"/>
</mscivr>
```
With this example, only a specific dialog is to be audited:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <audit capabilities="false" dialogid="d4"/>
</mscivr>
```

4.4.2.  <auditresponse>

The <auditresponse> element describes a response to a <audit> request.

The <auditresponse> element has the following attributes:

- status: numeric code indicating the audit response status. The attribute is mandatory. Valid values are defined in Section 4.5.
- reason: string specifying a reason for the status. The attribute is optional.

The <auditresponse> element has the following sequence of child elements:

- <capabilities> element (Section 4.4.2.2) describing capabilities of the package. The element is optional.
- <dialogs> element (Section 4.4.2.3) describing information about managed dialogs. The element is optional.

For example, a successful response to a <audit> request requesting capabilities and dialogs information:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <auditresponse status="200">
    <capabilities>
      <dialoglanguages>
        <mimetype>application/voicexml+xml</mimetype>
      </dialoglanguages>
      <grammartypes>
        <mimetype>application/srgs+xml</mimetype>
      </grammartypes>
      <recordtypes>
        <mimetype>audio/x-wav</mimetype>
        <mimetype>video/3gpp</mimetype>
      </recordtypes>
      <prompttypes>
        <mimetype>audio/x-wav</mimetype>
        <mimetype>video/3gpp</mimetype>
      </prompttypes>
    </capabilities>
  </auditresponse>
</mscivr>
```
<variables>
<variabletype type="date" desc="value formatted as YYYYMMDD">
<format desc="month year day">mdy</format>
<format desc="year month day">ymd</format>
<format desc="day month year">dmy</format>
<format desc="day month">dm</format>
</variabletype>
</variables>
<maxpreparedduration>600s</maxpreparedduration>
<maxrecordduration>1800s</maxrecordduration>
<codecs>
<codec>
<subtype>H.263</subtype>
</codec>
<codec>
<subtype>H.264</subtype>
</codec>
<codec>
<subtype>PCMU</subtype>
</codec>
<codec>
<subtype>PCMA</subtype>
</codec>
<codec>
<subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
</codec>
</codecs>
</capabilities>
<dialogs>
<dialogaudit dialogid="4532" state="preparing"/>
<dialogaudit dialogid="4599" state="prepared"/>
<dialogaudit dialogid="1234" state="started" conferenceid="conf1">
<codecs>
<codec>
<subtype>PCMA</subtype>
</codec>
<codec>
<subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
</codec>
</codecs>
</dialogaudit>
</dialogs>
</auditresponse>
</mscivr>
4.4.2.1. <codecs>

The <codecs> provides audit information about codecs.

The <codecs> element has no attributes.

The <codecs> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<codec>: audit information for a codec (Section 4.4.2.1.1). The element is optional.

For example, a fragment describing two codecs:

<codecs>
  <codec>
    <subtype>PCMA</subtype>
  </codec>
  <codec>
    <subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
  </codec>
</codecs>

4.4.2.1.1. <codec>

The <codec> element describes a codec on the MS. The element is modeled on the <codec> element in the XCON conference information data model ([I-D.ietf-xcon-common-data-model]) but allows additional information (e.g. rate, speed, etc) to be specified.

The <codec> element has no attributes.

The <codec> element has the following sequence of child elements:

<subtype>: element describing the codec’s name. The possible values of this element are the values of the ‘subtype’ column of the RTP Payload Format media types per [RFC4855] defined in IANA ([IANA]). The element is mandatory.

<params>: element (Section 4.2.6) describing additional information about the codec. This package is agnostic to the names and values of the codec parameters supported by an implementation. The element is optional.

For example, a fragment with a <codec> element describing the H.263 codec:


<codec>
  <subtype>H.263</subtype>
</codec>

### 4.4.2.2. <capabilities>

The `<capabilities>` element provides audit information about package capabilities.

The `<capabilities>` element has no attributes.

The `<capabilities>` element has the following sequence of child elements:

- `<dialoglanguages>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.1) describing additional dialog languages supported by the MS. The element is mandatory.

- `<grammartypes>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.2) describing supported `<grammar>` (Section 4.3.1.3.1) format types. The element is mandatory.

- `<recordtypes>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.3) describing `<media>` (Section 4.3.1.5) format types supported for `<record>` (Section 4.3.1.4). The element is mandatory.

- `<prompttypes>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.4) describing supported `<media>` (Section 4.3.1.5) format types for playback within a `<prompt>` (Section 4.3.1.1). The element is mandatory.

- `<variables>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.5) describing supported types and formats for the `<variable>` element (Section 4.4.2.2.5). The element is mandatory.

- `<maxpreparedduration>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.6) describing the supported maximum duration for a prepared dialog following a `<dialogprepare>` (Section 4.2.1) request. The element is mandatory.

- `<maxrecordduration>`: element (Section 4.4.2.2.7) describing the supported maximum duration for a recording `<record>` (Section 4.3.1.4) request. The element is mandatory.

- `<codecs>`: element (Section 4.4.2.1) describing codecs available to the package. The element is mandatory.

For example, a fragment describing capabilities:
<capabilities>
  <dialoglanguages>
    <mimetype>application/voicexml+xml</mimetype>
  </dialoglanguages>
  <grammartypes>
    <mimetype>application/srgs+xml</mimetype>
  </grammartypes>
  <recordtypes>
    <mimetype>audio/x-wav</mimetype>
    <mimetype>video/3gpp</mimetype>
  </recordtypes>
  <prompttypes>
    <mimetype>audio/x-wav</mimetype>
    <mimetype>video/3gpp</mimetype>
  </prompttypes>
  <variables/>
  <maxpreparedduration>30s</maxpreparedduration>
  <maxrecordduration>60s</maxrecordduration>
  <codecs>
    <codec>
      <subtype>H.263</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>H.264</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>PCMU</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>PCMA</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
    </codec>
  </codecs>
  <maxpreparedduration>30s</maxpreparedduration>
  <maxrecordduration>60s</maxrecordduration>
  <codecs>
    <codec>
      <subtype>H.263</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>H.264</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>PCMU</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>PCMA</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
    </codec>
  </codecs>
</capabilities>

4.4.2.2.1. <dialoglanguages>

The <dialoglanguages> element provides information about additional
dialog languages supported by the package. Dialog languages are
identified by their associated MIME media types. The MS MUST NOT
include the mandatory dialog language for this package (Section 4.3).

The <dialoglanguages> element has no attributes.

The <dialoglanguages> element has the following sequence of child
elements (0 or more occurrences):
<mimetype>: element whose content model describes a MIME media type (Section 4.6.10) associated with a supported dialog language. The element is optional.

4.4.2.2.2.  <grammartypes>

The <grammartypes> element provides information about <grammar> format types supported by the package. The MS MUST include the mandatory SRGS format type, "application/srgs+xml" (Section 4.3.1.3.1).

The <grammartypes> element has no attributes.

The <grammartypes> element has the following sequence of child elements (1 or more occurrences):

<mimetype>: element whose content model describes a mime type (Section 4.6.10). The element is optional.

4.4.2.2.3.  <recordtypes>

The <recordtypes> element provides information about media resource format types of <record> supported by the package (Section 4.3.1.4).

The <recordtypes> element has no attributes.

The <recordtypes> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<mimetype>: element whose content model describes a mime type (Section 4.6.10). The element is optional.

4.4.2.2.4.  <prompttypes>

The <prompttypes> element provides information about media resource format types of <prompt> supported by the package (Section 4.3.1.1).

The <prompttypes> element has no attributes.

The <prompttypes> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<mimetype>: element whose content model describes a mime type (Section 4.6.10). The element is optional.
4.4.2.2.5.  <variables>

The <variables> element provides information about types and formats for the <variable> element (Section 4.4.2.2.5) supported by the package.

The <variables> element has no attributes.

The <variables> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<variabletype>: element describing the formats support for a given type (Section 4.4.2.2.5.1). The element is optional.

For example, a fragment describing support for <variable> with a "date" type in some common formats.

<variables>
  <variabletype type="date" desc="value formatted as YYYYMMDD">
    <format desc="month year day">mdy</format>
    <format desc="year month day">ymd</format>
    <format desc="day month year">dmy</format>
    <format desc="day month">dm</format>
  </variabletype>
</variables>

4.4.2.2.5.1.  <variabletype>

The <variabletype> element describes the formats supported for <variable> supported type.

The <variabletype> element has the following attributes:

type: indicates a supported value associated with the type attribute of <variable> element. The attribute is manadatory.

desc: a string providing some textual description of the type and format. The attribute is optional.

The <variabletype> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<format>: element with a desc attribute (optional description) and a content model describing a supported format in the <variable> format attribute. The element is optional.
4.4.2.2.6.  <maxpreparedduration>

The <maxpreparedduration> element describes the maximum duration for a dialog to remain in the prepared state (Section 4.2) following a <dialogprepare> (Section 4.2.1) request.

The <maxpreparedduration> element has no attributes.

The <maxpreparedduration> element has a content model describing the maximum prepared dialog duration as a time designation (Section 4.6.7).

4.4.2.2.7.  <maxrecordduration>

The <maxrecordduration> element describes the maximum recording duration for <record> Section 4.3.1.4) request supported by the MS.

The <maxrecordduration> element has no attributes.

The <maxrecordduration> element has a content model describing the maximum duration of recording as a time designation (Section 4.6.7).

4.4.2.3.  <dialogs>

The <dialogs> element provides audit information about dialogs.

The <dialogs> element has no attributes.

The <dialogs> element has the following sequence of child elements (0 or more occurrences):

<dialogaudit>: audit information for a dialog (Section 4.4.2.3.1). The element is optional.

4.4.2.3.1.  <dialogaudit>

The <dialogaudit> element has the following attributes:

dialogid: string identifying the dialog. The attribute is mandatory.

state: string indicating the state of the dialog. Valid values are: preparing, prepared, starting, started. The attribute is mandatory.
connectionid: string identifying the SIP dialog connection associated with the dialog (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

conferenceid: string identifying the conference associated with the dialog (see Section 17.1 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]). The attribute is optional. There is no default value.

The <dialogaudit> element has the following child element:

<codecs> element describing codecs used in the dialog. See Section 4.4.2.1. The element is optional.

For example, a fragment describing a started dialog which is using PCMU and telephony-event codecs:

```xml
<dialogaudit dialogid="1234" state="started">
  <codecs>
    <codec>
      <subtype>PCMU</subtype>
    </codec>
    <codec>
      <subtype>telephone-event</subtype>
    </codec>
  </codecs>
</dialogaudit>
```

4.5. Response Status Codes

This section describes the response codes in Table 1 for the status attribute of dialog management <response> (Section 4.2.4) and audit <auditresponse> (Section 4.4.2) responses. The MS MUST support these status response codes. The MS MAY support other response codes. The AS MUST treat any responses it does not recognize as being equivalent to the x00 response code for all classes. For example, if an AS receives an unrecognized response code of 499, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the response as if it had received a 400 (Syntax error) response code.

4xx responses are definite failure responses from a particular MS. The reason attribute in the response SHOULD identify the failure in more detail, for example, "Mandatory attribute missing: src in media element" for a 400 (Syntax error) response code.

The AS SHOULD NOT retry the same request without modification (for example, correcting a syntax error or changing the connectionid to
use one available on the MS). However, the same request to a
different MS might be successful; for example, if another MS supports
a capability required in the request.

4xx failure responses can be grouped into three classes: failure due
to a syntax error in the request (400); failure due to an error
executing the request on the MS (405-419); and failure due to the
request requiring a capability not supported by the MS (420-439).

In cases where more than one request code could be reported for a
failure, the MS SHOULD use the most specific error code of the
failure class for the detected error. For example, if the MS detects
that the dialogid in the request is invalid, then it uses a 406
status code. However, if the MS merely detects that an execution
error occurred, then 419 is used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Summary</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Informational: AS Possible Recovery Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>OK</td>
<td>request has succeeded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>Syntax error</td>
<td>request is syntactically invalid: it is not valid with respect to the XML schema specified in Section 5 or it violates a co-occurrence constraint for a request element defined in Section 4.</td>
<td>Change the request so that it is syntactically valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>404</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Problem Description</td>
<td>Response</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td>dialogid already exists</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (Section 4.4.1) requesting the list of dialog identifiers already used by the MS and then use a dialog identifier which is not listed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>406</td>
<td>dialogid does not exist</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (Section 4.4.1) requesting the list of dialog identifiers already used by the MS and then use one of the listed dialog identifiers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>407</td>
<td>connectionid does not exist</td>
<td>Use another method to determine which connections are available on the MS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>408</td>
<td>conferenceid does not exist</td>
<td>Use another method to determine which conferences are available on the MS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>409</td>
<td>Resource cannot be retrieved</td>
<td>Check that the resource URI is valid, can be reached from the MS, and that the appropriate authentication is used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Details</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td>Dialog execution canceled</td>
<td>request to prepare or start a dialog which has been terminated by a <code>&lt;dialogterminate/&gt;</code> request (see Section 4.2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>411</td>
<td>Incompatible stream configuration</td>
<td>request specifies a media stream configuration which is in conflict with itself, or the connection or conference capabilities (see Section 4.2.2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>412</td>
<td>Media stream not available</td>
<td>request specifies an operation for which a media stream is not available. For example, playing a video media resource on an connection or conference without video streams.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>413</td>
<td>Control keys with same value</td>
<td>the request contains a <code>&lt;control&gt;</code> element (Section 4.3.1.2) where some keys have the same value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>414</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>415</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>416</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>417</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>418</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Error Description</td>
<td>Resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>419</td>
<td>Other execution error</td>
<td>requested operation cannot be executed by the MS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>Unsupported URI scheme</td>
<td>request specifies a URI whose scheme is not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Use a URI scheme which is supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>421</td>
<td>Unsupported dialog language</td>
<td>request references an external dialog language not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (<a href="#section-4-4-1">Section 4.4.1</a>) requesting the MS capabilities and then use one of the listed dialog languages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>422</td>
<td>Unsupported playback format</td>
<td>request references a media resource for playback whose format is not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (<a href="#section-4-4-1">Section 4.4.1</a>) requesting the MS capabilities and then use one of the listed playback media formats.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>423</td>
<td>Unsupported record format</td>
<td>request references a media resource for recording whose format is not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (<a href="#section-4-4-1">Section 4.4.1</a>) requesting the MS capabilities and then use one of the listed record media formats.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>424</td>
<td>Unsupported grammar format</td>
<td>request references a grammar whose format is not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (<a href="#section-4-4-1">Section 4.4.1</a>) requesting the MS capabilities and then use one of the listed grammar types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Request Details</td>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425</td>
<td>Unsupported variable configuration</td>
<td>request contains a prompt <code>&lt;variable&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.3.1.1.1</a>) not supported by the MS</td>
<td>Send an <code>&lt;audit&gt;</code> request (<a href="#">Section 4.4.1</a>) requesting the MS capabilities and then use one of the listed variable types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>426</td>
<td>Unsupported DTMF configuration</td>
<td>request contains a prompt <code>&lt;dtmf&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.3.1.1.2</a>) not supported by the MS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>427</td>
<td>Unsupported parameter</td>
<td>request contains a <code>&lt;param&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.2.6.1</a>) not supported by the MS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>428</td>
<td>Unsupported media stream configuration</td>
<td>request contains a <code>&lt;stream&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.2.2.2</a>) whose configuration is not supported by the MS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>429</td>
<td>Unsupported playback configuration</td>
<td>request contains a <code>&lt;prompt&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.3.1.1</a>) which the MS is unable to play on the available output media streams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430</td>
<td>Unsupported record configuration</td>
<td>request contains a <code>&lt;record&gt;</code> element (<a href="#">Section 4.3.1.1</a>) which the MS is unable to record with on the available input media streams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>431</td>
<td>Unsupported foreign namespace attribute or element</td>
<td>the request contains attributes or elements from another namespace which the MS does not support</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1: status codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>432</td>
<td>Unsupported multiple dialog capability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>433</td>
<td>Unsupported collect and record capability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>434</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>435</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>436</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>437</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>438</td>
<td>Reserved for future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>439</td>
<td>Other unsupported capability</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.6. Type Definitions

This section defines types referenced in attribute and element definitions.

4.6.1. Boolean

The value space of boolean is the set {true, false}. 

4.6.2. DTMFChar

A DTMF character. The value space is the set {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, #, *, A, B, C, D}.

4.6.3. DTMFString

A String composed of one or more DTMFChars.

4.6.4. Non-Negative Integer

The value space of non-negative integer is the infinite set {0, 1, 2, ...}.

4.6.5. Positive Integer

The value space of positive integer is the infinite set {1, 2, ...}.

4.6.6. String

A string in the character encoding associated with the XML element.

4.6.7. Time Designation

A time designation consists of a non-negative real number followed by a time unit identifier.

The time unit identifiers are: "ms" (milliseconds) and "s" (seconds).

Examples include: "3s", "850ms", "0.7s", ".5s" and "+1.5s".

4.6.8. Percentage

A percentage consists of a Positive Integer followed by ".%".

Examples include: "100%", "500%" and "10%".

4.6.9. URI

Uniform Resource Indicator as defined in [RFC3986].

4.6.10. MIME Media Type

A string formatted as a IANA MIME media type ([MIME.mediatypes]).
4.6.11. Language Identifier

A language identifier labels information content as being of a particular human language variant. Following the XML specification for language identification [XML], a legal language identifier is identified by a RFC4646 ([RFC4646]) and RFC4647 ([RFC4647]) code where the language code is required and a country code or other subtag identifier is optional.

4.6.12. DateTime

A string formatted according to the XML schema definition of a dateTime type ([XMLSchema:Part2]).
5. Formal Syntax

This section defines the XML schema for IVR Control Package.

The schema defines datatypes, attributes, dialog management and IVR dialog elements in the urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr namespace. In most elements the order of child elements is significant. The schema is extensible: elements allow attributes and child elements from other namespaces. Elements from outside this package’s namespace can occur after elements defined in this package.

The schema is dependent upon the schema (framework.xsd) defined in Section 17.1 of the Control Framework [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]. It is also dependent upon the W3C (xml.xsd) schema for definitions of XML attributes (e.g. xml:base).

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsd:schema targetNamespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr"
    elementFormDefault="qualified" blockDefault="#all"
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr"
    xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">

<xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
        IETF MediaCtrl IVR 1.0 (20081103)
        
        This is the schema of the IETF MediaCtrl IVR control package.
        
        The schema namespace is urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr
    </xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>

<!--

SCHEMA IMPORTS

-->
    schemaloction="xml.xsd">
</xsd:import>
```
<xsd:documentation>
This import brings in the XML attributes for
xml:base, xml:lang, etc

See http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd for latest version
</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:import>

<xsd:import
namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:control:framework-attributes"
schemaLocation="framework.xsd">
<xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:documentation>
  This import brings in the framework attributes for
  conferenceid and connectionid.
  </xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
</xsd:import>

<--
#########################################
Extensible core type
#########################################
-->

<xsd:complexType name="Tcore">
<xsd:annotation>
<xsd:documentation>
This type is extended by other component types to
allow elements and attributes from other namespaces
to be added.
</xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:sequence>
<xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0"
  maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:complexType>

<--
#########################################
TOP LEVEL ELEMENT: mscivr

#####################################################
-->

<xsd:complexType name="mscivrType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:choice>
          <xsd:element ref="dialogprepare" />
          <xsd:element ref="dialogstart" />
          <xsd:element ref="dialogterminate" />
          <xsd:element ref="response" />
          <xsd:element ref="event" />
          <xsd:element ref="audit" />
          <xsd:element ref="auditresponse" />
          <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
        </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="version" type="version.datatype" use="required" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="mscivr" type="mscivrType" />

<!--
#####################################################
DIALOG MANAGEMENT TYPES
#####################################################
-->

<!-- dialogprepare -->

<xsd:complexType name="dialogprepareType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="dialog" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:attribute name="src" type="xsd:anyURI" />
<xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype"/>
<xsd:attribute name="fetchtimeout" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="30s" />
<xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>

<!--  dialogstart -->

<xsd:complexType name="dialogstartType">
    <xsd:complexContent>
        <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
            <xsd:sequence>
                <xsd:element ref="dialog" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xsd:element ref="subscribe" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xsd:element ref="params" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xsd:element ref="stream" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
                <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"/>
            </xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:attribute name="src" type="xsd:anyURI" />
            <xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype"/>
            <xsd:attribute name="fetchtimeout" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="30s" />
            <xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" />
            <xsd:attribute name="prepareddialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" />
            <xsd:attributeGroup ref="fw:framework-attributes" />
        </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>

<!--  dialogterminate -->

<xsd:complexType name="dialogterminateType">
    <xsd:complexContent>
        <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
            <xsd:sequence>
                <xsd:element ref="dialog" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xsd:element ref="subscribe" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xsd:element ref="params" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            </xsd:sequence>
        </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
<xsd:complexType name="dialogterminateType">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:element name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" use="required" />
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>

<!-- response -->
<xsd:complexType name="responseType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="status" type="status.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="reason" type="xsd:string" />
      <xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attributeGroup ref="fw:framework-attributes" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="response" type="responseType" />

<!-- event -->
<xsd:complexType name="eventType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" use="required" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="event" type="eventType" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="event" type="eventType"/>
</xsd:complexType>

<!-- dialogexit-->  
<xsd:complexType name="dialogexitType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="promptinfo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xsd:element ref="controlinfo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xsd:element ref="collectinfo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xsd:element ref="recordinfo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xsd:element ref="params" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"/>
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="status" type="xsd:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="reason" type="xsd:string"/>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="dialogexit" type="dialogexitType"/>

<!-- dtmfnotify-->  
<xsd:complexType name="dtmfnotifyType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="matchmode" type="matchmode.datatype" default="all"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="dtmf" type="dtmfstring.datatype" use="required"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="timestamp" type="xsd:dateTime" use="required"/>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="dtmfnotify" type="dtmfnotifyType" />

<!-- promptinfo -->
<xsd:complexType name="promptinfoType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="duration" type="xsd:nonNegativeInteger"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="termmode" type="prompt_termmode.datatype" use="required"/>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="promptinfo" type="promptinfoType"/>

<!-- controlinfo -->
<xsd:complexType name="controlinfoType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="controlmatch" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"/>
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="controlinfo" type="controlinfoType"/>

<!-- controlmatch -->
<xsd:complexType name="controlmatchType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="dtmf" type="dtmfstring.datatype"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="timestamp" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="controlmatch" type="controlmatchType" />

<!-- collectinfo -->

<xsd:complexType name="collectinfoType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="dtmf" type="dtmfstring.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="termmode" type="collect_termmode.datatype" use="required" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="collectinfo" type="collectinfoType" />

<!-- recordinfo -->

<xsd:complexType name="recordinfoType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="mediainfo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="duration" type="xsd:nonNegativeInteger" />
      <xsd:attribute name="termmode" type="record_termmode.datatype" use="required" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="recordinfo" type="recordinfoType" />

<!-- mediainfo -->

<xsd:complexType name="mediainfoType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="loc" type="xsd:anyURI" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="mediainfo" type="mediainfoType" />
<xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype" use="required" />
<xsd:attribute name="size" type="xsd:nonNegativeInteger" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="mediainfo" type="mediainfoType" />

<!-- subscribe -->
<xsd:complexType name="subscribeType">
<xsd:complexContent>
<xsd:extension base="Tcore">
<xsd:sequence>
<xsd:element ref="dtmfsub" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xsd:any namespace="#other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="subscribe" type="subscribeType" />

<!-- dtmfsub -->
<xsd:complexType name="dtmfsubType">
<xsd:complexContent>
<xsd:extension base="Tcore">
<xsd:attribute name="matchmode" type="matchmode.datatype" default="all" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="dtmfsub" type="dtmfsubType" />

<!-- params -->
<xsd:complexType name="paramsType">
<xsd:complexContent>
<xsd:extension base="Tcore">
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="params" type="paramsType" />
<xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:element ref="param" minOccurs="0"
    maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0"
    maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="params" type="paramsType" />

<!--  param -->
<!--  doesn’t extend tCore since its content model is mixed -->
<xsd:complexType name="paramType" mixed="true">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
  </xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype" default="text/plain" />
  <xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="param" type="paramType" />

<!--  stream -->
<xsd:complexType name="streamType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="region" minOccurs="0"
          maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:element ref="priority" minOccurs="0"
          maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0"
          maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="media" type="media.datatype"
        use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="label" type="label.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="direction" type="direction.datatype" default="sendrecv" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="stream" type="streamType" />

<!-- region -->
<xsd:simpleType name="regionType">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN"/>
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:element name="region" type="regionType" />

<!-- priority -->
<xsd:simpleType name="priorityType">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:positiveInteger" />
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:element name="priority" type="priorityType" />

<!-- dialog -->
<xsd:complexType name="dialogType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="prompt" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:element ref="control" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:element ref="collect" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:element ref="record" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="repeatCount" type="xsd:nonNegativeInteger" default="1" />
      <xsd:attribute name="repeatDur" type="timedesignation.datatype" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="dialog" type="dialogType" />

<!-- prompt -->
<xsd:complexType name="promptType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xsd:element ref="media" />
        <xsd:element ref="variable" />
        <xsd:element ref="dtmf" />
        <xsd:element ref="par" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other"
          processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:choice>
      <xsd:attribute ref="xml:base" />
      <xsd:attribute name="bargein" type="boolean.datatype"
        default="true" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="prompt" type="promptType" />

<!-- media -->

<xsd:complexType name="mediaType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="loc" type="xsd:anyURI"
        use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="fetchtimeout" type="timedesignation.datatype"
        default="30s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="soundLevel" type="percentage.datatype"
        default="100%" />
      <xsd:attribute name="clipBegin" type="timedesignation.datatype"
        default="0s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="clipEnd" type="timedesignation.datatype" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="media" type="mediaType" />

<!-- variable -->

<xsd:complexType name="variableType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="variable" type="variableType" />

</xsd:element>
<xsd:attribute name="value" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
<xsd:attribute name="type" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
<xsd:attribute name="format" type="xsd:string" />
<xsd:attribute name="gender" type="gender.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute ref="xml:lang" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="variable" type="variableType" />

<!-- dtmf -->

<xsd:complexType name="dtmfType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="digits" type="dtmfstring.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="level" type="xsd:integer" default="-6" />
      <xsd:attribute name="duration" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="100ms" />
      <xsd:attribute name="interval" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="100ms" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="dtmf" type="dtmfType" />

<!-- par -->

<xsd:complexType name="parType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xsd:element ref="media" />
        <xsd:element ref="variable" />
        <xsd:element ref="dtmf" />
        <xsd:element ref="seq" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:choice>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="par" type="parType" />

<!-- seq -->

<xsd:complexType name="seqType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xsd:element ref="media" />
        <xsd:element ref="variable" />
        <xsd:element ref="dtmf" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:choice>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="seq" type="seqType" />

<!-- control -->

<xsd:complexType name="controlType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="skipinterval" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="6s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="ffkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="rwkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="pauseinterval" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="10s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="pausekey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="resumekey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="volumeinterval" type="percentage.datatype" default="10%" />
      <xsd:attribute name="volupkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="voldnkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="speedinterval" type="percentage.datatype" default="10%" />
      <xsd:attribute name="speedupkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
      <xsd:attribute name="speeddnkey" type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute name="gotostartkey"
type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute name="gotoendkey"
type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute name="external"
type="dtmfstring.datatype" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="control" type="controlType" />

<!-- collect -->
<xsd:complexType name="collectType">
<xsd:complexContent>
<xsd:extension base="Tcore">
<xsd:sequence>
<xsd:element ref="grammar" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="1" />
<xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:attribute name="cleardigitbuffer"
type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
<xsd:attribute name="timeout"
type="timedesignation.datatype" default="5s" />
<xsd:attribute name="interdigittimeout"
type="timedesignation.datatype" default="2s" />
<xsd:attribute name="termtimeout"
type="timedesignation.datatype" default="0s" />
<xsd:attribute name="escapekey"
type="dtmfchar.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute name="termchar"
type="dtmfchar.datatype" default="#" />
<xsd:attribute name="maxdigits"
type="xsd:positiveInteger" default="5" />
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="collect" type="collectType" />

<!-- grammar -->
<!-- doesn’t extend tCore since its content model is mixed -->
<xsd:complexType name="grammarType" mixed="true">
<xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:attribute name="src" type="xsd:anyURI" />
<xsd:attribute name="type" type="mime.datatype" />
<xsd:attribute name="fetchtimeout" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="30s" />
<xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="grammar" type="grammarType" />
</xsd:complexType>

<-- record -->
<xsd:complexType name="recordType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="media" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="timeout" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="5s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="beep" type="boolean.datatype" default="false" />
      <xsd:attribute name="vadinitial" type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
      <xsd:attribute name="vadfinal" type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
      <xsd:attribute name="dtmfterm" type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
      <xsd:attribute name="maxtime" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="15s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="finalsilence" type="timedesignation.datatype" default="5s" />
      <xsd:attribute name="append" type="boolean.datatype" default="false" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="record" type="recordType" />
</xsd:complexType>

<!-- record -->

#pragma pack(1)
AUDIT TYPES

---

<!-- audit -->

<xsd:complexType name="auditType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:attribute name="capabilities" type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
      <xsd:attribute name="dialogs" type="boolean.datatype" default="true" />
      <xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype"/>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="audit" type="auditType" />

<!-- auditresponse -->

<xsd:complexType name="auditresponseType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="capabilities" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:element ref="dialogs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="status" type="status.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="reason" type="xsd:string" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="auditresponse" type="auditresponseType" />

<!-- codec -->

<xsd:complexType name="codecType">
<xsd:complexContent>
  <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element ref="subtype" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      <xsd:element ref="params" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="codec" type="codecType" />

<!-- subtype -->
<xsd:simpleType name="subtypeType">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string" />
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:element name="subtype" type="subtypeType" />

<!-- codecs -->
<xsd:complexType name="codecsType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="codec" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="codecs" type="codecsType" />

<!-- capabilities -->
<xsd:complexType name="capabilitiesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="capabilities" type="capabilitiesType" />
<xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:element ref="dialoglanguages" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="grammartypes" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="recordtypes" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="mediatypes" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="variables" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="maxpreparedduration" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="maxrecordduration" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:element ref="codecs" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
  <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" /></xsd:any></xsd:sequence>
</xsd:extension>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="capabilities" type="capabilitiesType" />

<!-- mimetype -->
<xsd:element name="mimetype" type="mime.datatype" />

<!-- dialoglanguages -->
<xsd:complexType name="dialoglanguagesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="mimetype" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /></xsd:element>
        <xsd:element ref="variables" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
        <xsd:element ref="maxpreparedduration" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
        <xsd:element ref="maxrecordduration" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
        <xsd:element ref="codecs" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" /></xsd:element>
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" /></xsd:any></xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="dialoglanguages" type="dialoglanguagesType" />
<xsd:complexType name="grammartypesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="mimetype" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="grammartypes" type="grammartypesType" />

<!-- recordtypes -->

<xsd:complexType name="recordtypesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="mimetype" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="recordtypes" type="recordtypesType" />

<!-- mediatypes -->

<xsd:complexType name="mediatypesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="mimetype" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
</xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="mediatypes" type="mediatypesType" />

<!-- variables -->

<xsd:complexType name="variablesType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="variabletype" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="variables" type="variablesType" />

<xsd:complexType name="variabletypeType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="format" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="type" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="desc" type="xsd:string" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="variabletype" type="variabletypeType" />

<xsd:complexType name="formatType" mixed="true">
  <xsd:sequence>
    <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
  </xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="desc" type="xsd:string" />
  <xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="format" type="formatType" />

<xsd:element name="format" type="formatType" />

<!-- maxpreparedduration -->
<xsd:element name="maxpreparedduration" type="timedesignation.datatype"/>

<!-- maxrecordduration -->
<xsd:element name="maxrecordduration" type="timedesignation.datatype"/>

<!-- dialogs -->
<xsd:complexType name="dialogsType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="dialogaudit" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="dialogs" type="dialogsType" />

<!-- dialogaudit -->
<xsd:complexType name="dialogauditType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
    <xsd:extension base="Tcore">
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element ref="codecs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xsd:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="dialogid" type="dialogid.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="state" type="state.datatype" use="required" />
      <xsd:attributeGroup ref="fw:framework-attributes" />
    </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:element name="dialogaudit" type="dialogauditType" />

<!--
##############################################################################
DATATYPES
##############################################################################
-->
<xsd:restriction base="xsd:positiveInteger">
  <xsd:pattern value="[0-9][0-9][0-9]" />
</xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="media.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string" />
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="label.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string" />
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="direction.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
    <xsd:enumeration value="sendrecv" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="sendonly" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="recvonly" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="inactive" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="timedesignation.datatype">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      Time designation following Time in CSS2
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
    <xsd:pattern value="(\+)?([0-9]*\.)?[0-9]+(ms|s)" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="dtmfchar.datatype">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      DTMF character [0-9#*A-D]
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
    <xsd:pattern value="[0-9#*A-D]" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="dtmfstring.datatype">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      DTMF sequence [0-9#*A-D]
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
    <xsd:pattern value="([0-9#*A-D])" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="percentage.datatype">
  <xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      whole integer followed by '%'
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xsd:annotation>
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
    <xsd:pattern value="([0-9])+%" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:simpleType name="prompt_termmode.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
    <xsd:enumeration value="completed" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="bargein" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="stopped" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:simpleType name="collect_termmode.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
    <xsd:enumeration value="match" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="noinput" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="nomatch" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="stopped" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:simpleType name="record_termmode.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
    <xsd:enumeration value="noinput" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="dtmf" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="maxtime" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="finalsilence" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="stopped" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>

<xsd:simpleType name="matchmode.datatype">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:NMTOKEN">
    <xsd:enumeration value="all" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="collect" />
    <xsd:enumeration value="control" />
  </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
</xsd:schema>
6. Examples

This section provides examples of the IVR Control package.

6.1. AS-MS Dialog Interaction Examples

The following example assume a control channel has been established and synced as described in the Media Control Channel Framework ([I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]).

The XML messages are in angled brackets (with the root <mscivr> omitted); the REPORT status is in round brackets. Other aspects of the protocol are omitted for readability.

6.1.1. Starting an IVR dialog

An IVR dialog is started successfully, and dialogexit notification <event> is sent from the MS to the AS when the dialog exits normally.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Server (AS)</th>
<th>Media Server (MS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) CONTROL: &lt;dialogstart&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------------&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;---------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) REPORT: &lt;response status=&quot;200&quot;/&gt; (terminate)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) 200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------------&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) CONTROL: &lt;event ... /&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------------&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) 200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------------&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.1.2. IVR dialog fails to start

An IVR dialog fails to start due to an unknown dialog language. The <response> is reported in a framework 200 message.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Server (AS)</th>
<th>Media Server (MS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) CONTROL: &lt;dialogstart&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>____________________________&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) 200: &lt;response status=&quot;421&quot;/&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;----------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.1.3. Preparing and starting an IVR dialog

An IVR dialog is prepared and started successfully, and then the dialog exits normally.
### 6.1.4. Terminating a dialog

An IVR dialog is started successfully, and then terminated by the AS. The dialogexit event is sent by to the AS when the dialog exits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Server (AS)</th>
<th>Media Server (MS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) CONTROL: &lt;dialogprepare&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) 202</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) REPORT: &lt;response status=&quot;200&quot;/&gt; (terminate)</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) 200</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) CONTROL: &lt;dialogstart&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) 202</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) REPORT: &lt;response status=&quot;200&quot;/&gt; (terminate)</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) 200</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9) CONTROL: &lt;event .../&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10) 200</td>
<td>&lt;------------------------&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Server (AS)</td>
<td>Media Server (MS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) CONTROL: &lt;dialogstart&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) REPORT: &lt;response status=&quot;200&quot;/&gt; (terminate)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) 200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) CONTROL: &lt;dialogterminate&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) 200: &lt;response status=&quot;200&quot;/&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) CONTROL: &lt;event .../&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) 200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note that in (6) the <response> payload to the <dialogterminate/> request is carried on a framework 200 response since it could complete the requested operation before the transaction timeout.

### 6.2. IVR Dialog Examples

The following examples show how <dialog> is used with <dialogprepare>, <dialogstart> and <event> elements to play prompts, set runtime controls, collect DTMF input and record user input.

The examples do not specify all messages between the AS and MS.

#### 6.2.1. Playing announcements

This example prepares an announcement composed of two prompts where the dialog repeatCount set to 2.
If the dialog is prepared successfully, a <response> is returned with status 200 and a dialog identifier assigned by the MS:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <response status="200" dialogid="vxi78"/>
</mscivr>
```

The prepared dialog is then started on a conference playing the prompts twice:

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart prepareddialogid="vxi78" conferenceid="conference11"/>
</mscivr>
```

In the case of a successful dialog, the output is provided in <event>; for example

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <event dialogid="vxi78">
    <dialogexit status="1">
      <promptinfo termmode="completed" duration="24000"/>
    </dialogexit>
  </event>
</mscivr>
```

### 6.2.2. Prompt and collect

In this example, a prompt is played and then the MS waits for 30s for a two digit sequence:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839~HJKSkyHS~HUwkuh7ns">
<dialog>
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/prompt1.wav"/>
</prompt>
<collect timeout="30s" maxdigits="2"/>
</dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

If no user input is collected within 30s, then following notification event would be returned:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<event dialogid="vxi81">
<dialogexit status="1">
<collectinfo termmode="noinput"/>
</dialogexit>
</event>
</mscivr>

The collect operation can be specified without a prompt. Here the MS just waits for DTMF input from the user:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839~HJKSkyHS~HUwkuh7ns">
<dialog>
<collect/>
</dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

If the dialog is successful, then dialogexit <event> contains the dtmf collected in its result parameter:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<event dialogid="vxi80">
<dialogexit status="1">
<collectinfo dtmf="12345" termmode="match"/>
</dialogexit>
</event>
</mscivr>

And finally in this example, one of the input parameters is invalid:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839~HJKSkyHS~HUwkuh7ns">
<dialog repeatCount="two">
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/prompt1.wav"/></prompt>
<collect cleardigitbuffer="true" bargein="true"
timeout="4s" interdigittimeout="2s"
termttimeout="0s" maxdigits="2"/>
</dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

The error is reported in the response:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<response status="400" dialogid="vxi82"
reason="repeatCount attribute value invalid: two"/>
</mscivr>

6.2.3. Prompt and record

In this example, the user is prompted, then their input is recorded for a maximum of 30 seconds.

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839~HJKSkyHS~HUwkuh7ns">
<dialog>
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/media/sayname.wav"/></prompt>
<record dtmfterm="false" maxtime="30s" beep="true"/>
</dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

If successful and the recording is terminated by DTMF, the following is returned in a dialogexit <event>: 

6.2.4. Runtime controls

In this example, a prompt is played with collect and runtime controls are activated.

```xml
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839~HJKSkyHS~HUwkuh7ns">
    <dialog>
      <prompt bargein="true">
        <media loc="http://www.example.com/prompt1.wav"/>
      </prompt>
      <control ffkey="5" rwkey="6" speedupkey="3" speeddnkey="4"/>
      <collect maxdigits="2"/>
    </dialog>
  </dialogstart>
</mscivr>
```

Once the dialog is active, the user can press keys 3, 4, 5 and 6 to execute runtime controls on the prompt queue. The keys do not cause bargein to occur. If the user presses any other key, then the prompt is interrupted and DTMF collect begins. Note that runtime controls are not active during the collect operation.

When the dialog is completed successfully, then both control and collect information is reported.
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<event dialogid="vxi81">
  <dialogexit status="1">
    <promptinfo termmode="bargein"/>
    <collectinfo termmode="match" dtmf="14"/>
    <controlinfo>
      <controlmatch dtmf="3" timestamp="2008-05-12T12:13:15Z"/>
      <controlmatch dtmf="5" timestamp="2008-05-12T12:13:16Z"/>
    </controlinfo>
  </dialogexit>
</event>
</mscivr>

6.2.5. Subscriptions and notifications

In this example, a looped dialog is started with subscription for notifications each time the user input matches the collect grammar:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart repeatCount="0" connectionid="7HDY839-HJKSkyHS-HUwkuh7ns">
  <dialog>
    <collect maxdigits="2"/>
    <subscribe>
      <dtmfsub matchmode="collect"/>
    </subscribe>
  </dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

Each time the user input the DTMF matching the grammar, the following notification event would be sent:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<event dialogid="vxi81">
  <dtmfnotify matchmode="collect" dtmf="12" timestamp="2008-05-12T12:13:14Z"/>
</event>
</mscivr>

If no user input was provided, or the input did not match the grammar, the dialog would continue to loop until terminated (or an error occurred).

6.3. Other Dialog Languages

The following example requests that a VoiceXML dialog is started:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<dialogstart dialogid="d2" type="application/voicexml+xml"
src="http://www.example.com/mydialog.vxml"
fetchtimeout="15s">
  <params>
    <param name="prompt1">nfs://nas01/media1.3gp</param>
    <param name="prompt2">nfs://nas01/media2.3gp</param>
  </params>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

If the MS does not support this dialog language, then the response would have the status code 409 (Section 4.5). However, if it does support the VoiceXML dialog language, it would respond with a 200 status, activate the VoiceXML dialog and make the <params> available in the VoiceXML script through the "connection.ccxml.values" object.

When the VoiceXML dialog exits, exit namelist parameters are specified using <params> in the dialogexit event:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
  <event dialogid="d2">
    <dialogexit status="1">
      <params>
        <param name="username">peter</param>
        <param name="pin">1234</param>
      </params>
    </dialogexit>
  </event>
</mscivr>

6.4. Foreign Namespace Attributes and Elements

An MS may support attributes and elements from foreign namespaces within the <mscivr> element. For example, it may support a <listen> element (in a foreign namespace) for speech recognition by analogy to how <collect> support DTMF collection.

In the following example, a prompt and collect request is extended with a <listen> element:
<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr"
xmlns:ex="http://www.example.com/mediactrl/extensions/1">
<dialogstart connectionid="7HDY839-HJK5kYHS-HUwkuh7ns">
<dialog>
<prompt>
<media loc="http://www.example.com/prompt1.wav"/>
</prompt>
<collect timeout="30s" maxdigits="4"/>
<ex:listen maxtimeout="30s">
<ex:grammar src="http://example.org/pin.grxml"/>
</ex:listen>
</dialog>
</dialogstart>
</mscivr>

In the <mscivr> root element, the xmlns:ex attribute declares that "ex" is associated with the foreign namespace URI "http://www.example.com/mediactrl/extensions/1". The <ex:listen>, its attributes and child elements are associated with this namespace. This <listen> could be defined so that it activates an SRGS grammar and listens for user input matching the grammar in a similar manner to DTMF collection.

If an MS receives this request but does not support the <listen> element, then it would send a 431 response:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr">
<response status="431" dialogid="d560" reason="unsupported foreign listen element"/>
</mscivr>

If the MS does support this foreign element, it would send a 200 response and start the dialog with speech recognition. When the dialog exits, it may provide information about the <listen> execution within <dialogexit>, again using elements in a foreign namespace such as <listeninfo> below:

<mscivr version="1.0" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr"
xmlns:ex="http://www.example.com/mediactrl/extensions/1">
<event dialogid="d560">
<dialogexit status="1">
<ex:listeninfo speech="1 2 3 4" termmode="match"/>
</dialogexit>
</event>
</mscivr>

Note that in reply the AS must send a Control Framework 200 response even though the notification event contains an element in a foreign
namespace which it may not understand.
7. Security Considerations

As this control package processes XML markup, implementations MUST address the security considerations of [RFC3023].

As a Control Package of the Media Control Channel Framework, security, confidentiality and integrity of messages transported over the control channel MUST be addressed as described in Section 11 of the Media Control channel Framework ([I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]), including Session Establishment, Transport Level Protection and Control Channel Policy Management.

The Media Control Channel Framework permits additional policy management, including resource access and control channel usage, to be specified at the control package level beyond that specified for the Media Control Channel Framework (see Section 11.3 of [I-D.ietf-mediactrl-sip-control-framework]).

Since creation of IVR dialogs is associated with media processing resources (e.g. DTMF detectors, media playback and recording, etc) on the MS, policy management for this control package MUST address how such dialogs are managed across multiple control channels. This includes which channels are used to deliver dialog event notifications, and whether channels are permitted to originate requests managing a dialog which was not created through that channel (e.g. a dialog has been prepared or started via channel X and a request to terminate the dialog originates from channel Y).
8. IANA Considerations

This specification instructs IANA to register a new Media Control Channel Framework Package, a new XML namespace and a new MIME type.

8.1. Control Package Registration

Control Package name: msc-ivr/1.0

8.2. URN Sub-Namespace Registration


8.3. Mime Type Registration

MIME type: application/msc-ivr+xml
9. Change Summary

Note to RFC Editor: Please remove this whole section.

The following are the major changes between the -02 and -01 versions.

- corrected typos.

- **Section 3**: Aligned Control Package definitions with requirements in Section 8 of the Control Framework.

- **Section 4.2.2.2**: Added `<priority>` child element to `<stream>` element (alignment with mixer package).

- Following October Interim meeting discussion on response codes, generally clarified usage of error status codes, modified some codes and re-organized the response codes section (**Section 4.4.5**) with more guidance and details.

- **Section 4.3.1.5**: Following October Interim meeting request for parallel playback and record, created a generalized version of `<media>` used for both playback and record. The ‘src’ attribute is renamed to ’loc’. Updated `<prompt>` and `<record>` definitions as described below.

- **Sections 4.3.1.1/4.3.1.1.4**: `<prompt>`: Added `<par>` child element to allow parallel playback of separate media resources. The `<par>` element has a `<seq>` child element to allow a sequence of media resources to be played at the same time as other resources are played in parallel.

- **Sections 4.3.1.4/4.3.1.4.1**: `<record>`: Removed ‘dest’ and ‘type’ attributes. Added `<media>` child elements to support parallel recording to separate media resource locations.

- **Sections 4.3.2.4/4.3.2.4.1**: `<recordinfo>`: Removed ‘dest’, ‘type’ and ‘size’ attribute. Added `<mediainfo>` child elements with ‘loc’, ‘type’ and ‘size’ attributes.

- **Section 4.4.2.2.4**: Renamed `<mediatypes>` to `<prompttypes>` to clarify distinction with `<recordtypes>`.

- **Sections 4.3.1.4**: `<record>`: Clarified RFC2119 language around vadinitial and vadfinal behavior.

- Updated schema. Removed some element-specific syntactic constraint statements which are already covered in the schema.
- 4.3.1: occurrence of <control> without a <prompt> no longer treated as a syntax error - instead runtime controls are simply ignored.

The following are the major changes between the -01 and -00 versions.

- 7: Updated security section referencing control framework security and adding policy requirement to address dialog resource management over multiple channels.
- corrected typos and example errors
- 4.2: [IVR-200] Added state machine for dialog lifecycle.
- 4.2: clarified dialog identifier assignment and use, including MS assignment of dialogid in <dialogprepare> and <dialogstart>.
- 4.2/4.2.3: clarified <dialogterminate> behavior when dialog is not in a STARTED state.
- 1/4.2: Clarified concept of dialog language and replaced references to 'dialog types' with dialog languages. Replaced 'dialogtypes' with 'dialoglanguages' in auditing. Clarified that IVR <dialog> is inline and other supported dialog languages are specified by reference. Removed default type values for <dialogprepare> and <dialogstart>.
- 4.4.2.1.1: [IVR-203]: added <params> to <codec> to allow additional codec information to be specified.
- 4.5: added error status code for unsupported URI (415), invalid region identifier (416), fetchtimeout exceeded (417), syntactic constraint violation (418), unsupported media format (419), unsupported grammar format (420), unsupported variable announcement (421), unsupported DTMF tone generation (422), conflict with control key values (423), unsupported recording
format (424).

- Generally, replaced 'it is an error …' language with RFC2119 language, making error codes more explicit.

- 4.3.1: Clarified that an MS MAY support <record> and <collect> elements co-occurring in a <dialog> element, but the MS MUST send an error response if they are not supported. Clarified that MS MUST send an error response if <control> is specified without a <prompt> element.

- 4.2.5.2: Clarified that the timestamp in <dtmfnotify> is that of the last DTMF in a matching input sequence.

- References: more references now normative.

- 4.3: Replaced passive voice language with active voice language in the description of execution models.

- 1/2: Clarified that the term ‘dialog’ refers to IVR dialog and is completely unrelated to the term ‘SIP dialog’.

- 4: Added clarification that elements with URI attributes are recommended to support one or more communication protocols suitable for fetching resources.

- 4.3.1.4: <record> clarified MS MAY support upload of recording data during recording, and that upload errors (e.g. authentication failures, communication errors, etc) are execution errors. Added ‘append’ attribute to control behavior when a recorded resource already exists at the recording location.

- 4.2.2: Clarified that an error is reported if <dialogstart> with <params> contains parameters which the MS cannot process for the given dialog language.

- 4.2.6.1: <param> removed ‘valuetype’ attribute and clarified that the type attribute indicates the MIME media type associated with the inline value.

- 4.3.1.4: Added append attribute to <record> to control whether recordings are appended or not to the recording location resource.

- 4.3.1.1.1: Added clipEnd attribute to <media> to control when playback of the media ends.

- 4.3.1: Clarified that when there are multiple iterations of a dialog (using repeatCount attribute) only the results of the last
dialog iteration are reported.

- 4.4.2.2: Added ability to audit <variable> capability, as well as maximum duration of prepared dialogs and of recordings.

- 4.3.1/4.3.1.1: Clarified the sequence of dialog operations in <dialog> and how <prompt> reports its status.

- 4: Changed handling of unsupported foreign namespace elements and attributes. The MS send a 426 error response if it encounters foreign elements and attributes it does not support.

The following are the major changes between the -00 of this work group item draft and the individual submission -05 version.

- [IVR01] When the MS sends a notification event in a CONTROL, the AS sends mandatory 200 response (no extended transaction).

- [IVR23] Added a top-level container element, <mscivr>, with version attribute.

- Removed term ‘basic’ in title, description, elements and IANA registration. Control package name is now ‘msc-ivr/1.0’. Namespace is now ‘urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:msc-ivr’. Mime type is now ‘application/msc-ivr+xml’. Renamed ‘basicivr’ element to ‘dialog’ and moved version attribute to mscivr element.

- [IVR15] Updated and simplified XML schema. Ordering of child elements is significant.

- [IVR06] Removed ‘volume’ and ‘offset’ from prompt element. Added ‘soundLevel’ and ‘clipBegin’ to media element.

- [IVR17]/[IVR06] Removed ‘iterations’ and ‘duration’ from prompt. Added ‘repeatCount’ and ‘repeatDur’ to dialog element.

- Moved VCR commands from <collect> into separate <control> element. Defined controlinfo element to report runtime control match information.

- [IVR05] Added <subscribe> to <dialogstart> where AS can subscribe to DTMF key presses (all, control match only, collect match only). Extended <event> to support associated notification.

- Moved definition of <stream> into a separate section.

- [IVR21] Added audit capability: auditing of package capabilities and managed dialogs.
Explicitly stated that an error must be reported if the connection or conference referenced in a `<dialogstart>` is not available at the time the request is processed on the MS.

Clarified that the `<variable>` rendering mechanism is MS implementation specific.

[IVR09]/[IVR10] Clarified `<variable>` attribute definitions and added ‘gender’ attribute.

[IVR16] Clarified that info must be reported in dialogexit, if the corresponding element is specified in a `<dialog>`. For example, if `<prompt>` is specified, then `<promptinfo>` must be specified if the dialog terminates normally.

[IVR18] Added ‘inactive’ value for direction attribute of `<stream>`.

[IVR19] Clarified case of `<dialogstart>` on connection/conference with multiple streams of the same type: recommended to be set explicitly with `<stream>`s.

[IVR02] Clarified that multiple dialogs may started simultaneously on the same connection or conference.

[IVR20] Added maximum duration (10 minutes) for a dialog to remain in the PREPARED state.

Added `<params>` in `<dialogstart>` and `<dialogexit>` for input/output in other dialog types.

[IVR22] Added fetchtimeout parameter to dialogprepare, dialogstart, media and grammar elements.

[IVR04] Added dialogexit status to indicate the connection or conference has been terminated. Added others status errors.

[IVR08] Clarified that the `<control>` operation does not interrupt playing prompts and that matched DTMF is not available to `<collect>` or `<record>` operations during prompt playback.

[IVR11] Added runtime controls for speed, goto start/end and external controls.

Clarified that recordings can be uploaded to dest during or after the recording operation.
<record>/<collect>: clarified timer handling - timeout refers to waiting time for collect/record to begin.

Clarified behavior of immediate attribute on <dialogterminate>.

clarified dialogid lifecycle: dialogids can be re-cycled.

Clarified error handling.

Editorial tidy up of sections.

dialogid attribute on <response> is now mandatory.

Clarified that the duration specified in finalsilence attribute of <record> is not part of the final recording.

Clarified that the SRGS XML grammar format is mandatory.

The following are the major changes between the -06 of the draft and the -05 version.

Event notifications are sent in CONTROL messages with the MS acting as Control Framework Client. Compared with the previous approach, this means that a <dialogstart> transaction is now complete when the MS sends a <response>. A new transaction is initiated by the MS each time the MS sends a notification <event> to the AS.

Changed conf-id to conferenceid and connection-id to connectionid.

Clarification of the state model for dialogs

<dialogprepare>: modified definition of src attribute to allow reference to external dialog documents; added (MIME) type attribute; removed <data> child element.

<dialogstart>: modified definition of src attribute to allow reference to external dialog documents; added (MIME) type attribute; removed <data> child element;

<dialogterminate>: modified so that a dialogexit event is always sent for active dialogs (i.e. the dialogexit event is a terminating notification)

<event> notification simplified and make more extensible. Manual notifications (via <subscribe> element) are removed from the basic package. A <dialogexit> event is defined as <event> child and it can be extended with additional child elements.
<data> element is removed.

<subscribe> element removed.

Replaced dialog templates with a general <dialog> element. It has child elements for playing media resource (<prompt>), collecting DTMF (<collect>) and recording (<record>). The functionality is largely unchanged.

<dialogprepare> and <dialogstart> are extended with <dialog> child element.

<event> is extended with a <dialogexit> element which contains status and reported information (replacement for output parameters in template dialogs)

Prompts: now structured as a <prompt> element with <media>, <variable> and <dtmf> children. The <prompt> element has xml:base attribute, bargein, iterations, duration, volume and offset attributes. The speed attribute is removed. A <media> element has src and type attributes. The maxage and maxstale attributes are removed.

DTMF input: parameters now specified as attributes of a <collect> element. Custom grammar specified with a <grammar> element as child of <collect> element. Added ‘escapekey’ to allow the dialog to be retried. Added ‘pauseinterval’, ‘pausekey’ and ‘resumekey’ to allow the prompts to paused/resumed. Added ‘volumeinterval’, ‘volupkey’ and ‘voldnkey’ to add prompt volume to be increased/decreased. Moved ‘bargein’ attribute to prompt.

Recording: parameters now specified as attributes of <record> element. Added ‘dest’ and ‘beep’ attributes.

The following are the major changes between the -05 of the draft and the -04 version.

Mainly an alignment/evaluation exercise with requirements produced by MEDIACTRL IVR design team.

playannounce parameters from Table 7 of ‘04’ version are now reflected in text - schema to be updated.

Added VCR commands based on MSCML.

The following are the major changes between the -04 of the draft and the -03 version.
o None.

The following are the major changes between the -03 of the draft and the -02 version.

o added "basicivr:" protocol to template dialog types which must be supported as values of the "src" attribute in <dialogprepare> and <dialogstart>. Note alternative: "/basicivr/playannouncement" offered in [RFC4240].

o added "basicivr:" URI schema to IANA considerations

o Added mimetype, vadinitial and vadfinal parameters to 'promptandrecord' dialog type

o updated references

The following are the major changes between the -02 of the draft and the -01 version.

o added version 1.0 to package name

o separate section for element definitions

o dialogterminate treated as request rather than notification

o simplified responses: single element <response>

o removed response elements: <dialogprepared>, <dialogstarted>, <errordialognotprepared>, <errordialognotstarted>

o simplified event notifications to single <event> element carried in a REPORT

o <dialogexit> element replaced with <event name="dialogexit"> 

o removed <dialoguser> element

o added <stream> element as child of <dialogstart>

o removed 'type' attribute from <dialogprepare> and <dialogstart>

o added dialogid attribute to <dialogprepare> and <dialogstart>

o removed template "Sample Implementation" section

o renamed <namelist> to <data>
o re-organized so that template details after general package framework and element description.

The following are the primary changes between the -01 of the draft and the -00 version.

o Removed requirement for VoiceXML dialog support

o Added requirement for template dialog support
10. Contributors

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